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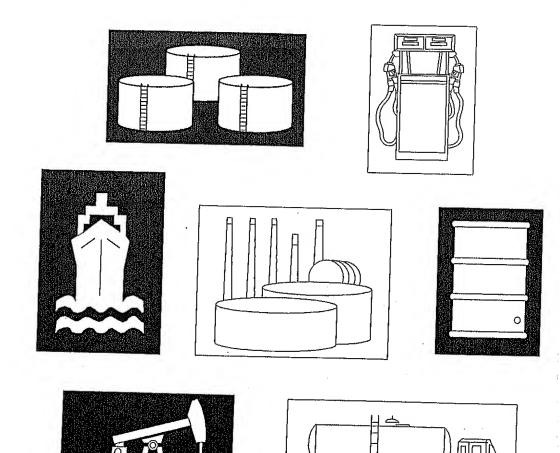
Weekly Petroleum Status Report

Data for Week Ended: October 8, 1993

Includes:

New Stock Bands (See Page 2)

Heating Degree-Days Data (See Page 26)





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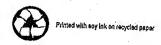
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Released for Printing: October 14, 1993



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Preface

The Weekly Petroleum Status Report (WPSR) provides timely information on the petroleum supply situation in the context of his information, selected prices, and forecasts. The WPSR is intended to provide up-to-date information to the industry, the press, ple policymakers, consumers, analysts, and State and local governments. It is published each Thursday by the Energy Information (EIA) and excerpts of the data are available electronically after 5 p.m. Wednesday. The data contained in this republished on company submissions for the week ending 7 a.m. the preceding Friday. For some weeks which include holidays, published WPSR is delayed by 1 day. The WPSR is not published during 1 of the last 2 weeks of the year depending upon which day week Christmas occurs. The following week's issue includes data for both weeks.

General information about this document may be obtained from Charles C. Heath (202) 586-6860, Director of the Petroleum S Division, Office of Oil and Gas, Energy Information Administration; or Morris H. Rice (202) 586-4634, Chief of the Stat Analysis Branch.

Specific information about the data in this report may be obtained from Larry J. Alverson (202) 586-9664 or Diana House 586-9667.

Specific questions concerning the Petroleum Export Modeling System (PEMS) may be directed to Carol L. French (202) 586-98 Betty Barlow (202) 586-8746.

Specific questions about the data in Appendix B, EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report", may be directed to Ste Patterson (202) 586-5994.

Data for propane and other winter heating fuels will be published on a weekly basis in the Winter Fuels Report beginning on October 15, 1993. The first issue will contain data for the week ending October 8, 1993. This data will be accessible through the Electronic Publishing System (EPUB) under the option Winter Fuels Report (WFR).

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Highlights

Refinery Activity (Million Barrels per Day)

9/93	10/01/93	10/08/92
		10/00/02
3.9	13.9	13.7
2.6	92.6	90.4
7.5	7.6	7.1
3.3	3.3	3.1
,	2.6 7.5	2.6 92.6 7.5 7.6

Refinery utilization for the 4 weeks ending October 8, 1993, was 2 percent higher than for the 4 weeks ending October 8, 1992. Motor gasoline production was 6 percent higher than a year ago. Distillate fuel oil production was 9 percent higher than a year ago.

Stocks (Million Barrels)

93 10/01/93	10/08/92 324.5
	324 5
	027.0
208.2	205.9
131.1	129.8
408.6	404.6
7 585. 6	571.9
1,661.2	1,636.7
	585.6

Crude oil stocks increased 4.2 MMB and were 7.4 MMB higher than a year ago at this time. Distillate fuel oil stocks increased slightly this week. Low sulfur distillate stocks represented 40 percent of the total inventory. Motor gasoline stocks increased 0.9 MMB during the week, and were 2 percent higher than a year ago at this time. The current level is below the seasonally-adjusted average range for this time of year. These stocks do not include stocks of oxygenates (MTBE and fuel ethanol) which will be blended into gasoline to raise the oxygen level and octane rating. At the end of August, stocks of MTBE were about 17.0 MMB and stocks of fuel ethanol were about 2.8 MMB.

See Table 3.

Net Imports (Million Barrels per Day)

	h .	- 7	
	For	ur Weeks End	ding
	10/08/93	10/01/93	10/08/92
Crude Oil	6.4	6.2	6,3
Petroleum Products	. 0.8	0.9	1.1
Total*	7.2	7.2	7.4
See Table 1.			

Net imports of crude oil during the 4 weeks ending October 8, 1993 were slightly above those for the same period last year, while net imports of petroleum products were 29 percent below last year's level.

Products Supplied (Million Barrels per Day)

	For	ur Weeks En	ding
	10/08/93	10/01/93	10/08/92
Motor Gasoline	7.4	7.6	7.3
Distillate Fuel Oil		3,2	2.9
All Other Products		6.7	6.7
Total*	17.2	17.4	17.0
See Table 9.			

Distillate fuel oil supplied for the 4 weeks ending October 8, 1993, was 10 percent above last year's level. Total products supplied and motor gasoline product supplied were slightly above last year's level. When the 1992 data were adjusted for fuel ethanol and motor gasoline blending components, the 1993 data were slightly below last year's level.

During the week ending October 8, 1993, the world crude oil price rose 24 cents per barrel from the previous week. On the New York market, spot prices for 87 octane unleaded gasoline rose 2 cents per barrel, and the spot price of No. 2 heating oil rose 46 cents per barrel. The New York distillate fuel oil price was:

Prices (Dollars per Barrel)

		Week Ending	9
	10/08/93	10/01/93	10/09/92
World Prices			
World Crude Oil	15.46	15.22	19,11
Spot Market Product Prices ¹			
Rotterdam Market			
91 RON Unleaded Gasoline	. 19.93	19.70	24.09
Gas Oll	23.46	23.32	25.87
Residual Fuel Oil	13.21	13,21	17.42
New York Market			
87 Octane Unleaded Gasoline	21.26	21.24	25.67
No. 2 Heating Oil	23.80	23.34	27.71
Residual Fuel Oll	14.50	14.35	17.60

The relationship between high and low sulfur distillate stoc data in PADD I reflects a significant reclassification of previously reported data by two major companies.

cents per barrel higher than the price in Rotterdam,

Source: Bloomberg Oil Buyers' Guide, published by Bloomberg Petroleum Publications (Copyright 1993)

Beginning in this issue of the Weekly Petroleum Status Repor weather data in Table 15 have been changed to reflect heatin degree-days.

See Tables 12 and 13.

*Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

New Stock Bands

This issue of the Weekly Petroleum Status Report presents updated average stock ranges on the stock graphs for U.S. total crude oil and patroleum products, crude oil, motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil found on pages 7, 9, 11, and 13. The stock tanges have been recomputed in accordance with the procedure described in the Appendix. The Appendix also presents the values for the new ranges.

Table 1. U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, 4 Weeks Ending 10/08/93

Petr	oleum Supply		ek Averages Inding	Percent	Daily A	ulative Verages Days	D
(The	ousand Barrels per Day)	10/08/93	10/08/92	Change	1993	1992	Percent Change
Gru	de Oli Supply		··············		_		- Orialingo
(1) (2)	Domestic Production ¹	^E 6,674	7,054	-5.4	^E 6,831	7,198	-5.1
	Net imports (including SPR)	6,376	6,260	1.9	6,517	5,960	9.3
(3) (4)	Gross imports (Excluding SPH)	6,445	6,313	2.1	6,613	6,034	9.6
(11) (5)	orn impons	_ 36	24		_ 19	9	
(6)	Exports	^E 105	78	34.6	E ₁₁₅	83	38.6
(7)	SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	-56	-50	••	-40	-12	
(8)	Other Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	284	68	••	-49	1	
(9)	Product Supplied and Losses	E-9	-11	••	E.9	-14	
(0)	Unaccounted-for Crude Oil ³	638	361		376	273	
(10)	Crude Oll Input to Refineries	13,906	13,682	1.6	13,625	13,406	1.6
Othe	er Supply						
(11)	Natural Gas Liquids Production ⁶	E1,848	1,676	10,3	E _{1,852}	4.004	
(12)	Other Liquids New Supply	1, <u>E</u> 95	159	-40,3	E146	1,684	10.0
(13)	Crude Oil Product Supplied	Eg	11	-40,3 -18,2	E9	111	31.5
(14)	Processing Gain	[€] 791	778	1.7	E767	13	-30.8
(15)	Net Product Imports*	808	1,139	-29.1	872	771 965	-0.5
(16)	Gross Product Imports"	1,588	1,923	-17.4	1,746		-9.6
(17)	Product Exports*	² 780	784	-0,5	E874	1,800 834	-3.0
(18)	Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) ⁵	-224	-425	**	-203	-59	4.8
(19)	Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use	17,242	17,019	1.3	17,067	16,892	1.0
Prod	ucts Supplied						
(20)	Finished Motor Gasoline ⁶						
(21)	Naphtha-Type Jet Fuel	7,407	7,343	0.9	7,442	7,265	2.4
(22)	Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel	81	138	-41.3	119	146	-18.5
(23)	Distillate Fuel Oil	1,368	1,314	4.1	1,357	1,288	5.4
(24)	residual ruel Oli	3,249	2,945	10,3	3,030	2,941	3.0
(25)	Other Oils'	979 4,159	943	3.8	1,010	1,075	-6.0
(26)	Total Products Supplied	17,242	4,337 17,019	-4.1 1.3	4,108 1 7, 067	4,179 16,892	-1.7 1.0
Total	Net Imports	7,184	7,399		·		
		7,104	7,000	-2.9	7,389	6,925	6.7
	eum Stocks n Barrels)	1010000			Pe	rcent Change	a from
Crude	Oil (Excluding SPR) ⁸	10/08/93	10/01/93	10/08/92	Previous	s Week	Year Ago
Total I	Motor Gasoline	331.9	327.7	324.5	1	.3	2,3
	Reformulated	209.1	208.2	205.9		.4	1,6
	Oxygenated	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	.0	
	Other Finished	22,4	18.5	0.0	21.		••
	Blending Components	149.1	152.8	0.0	-2.		
Naphti	na-Type Jet Fuel	37.6	37.0	37.9	1.		-0.8
Kerose	ene-Type Jet Fuel	2.9	2.7	4,9	7.	4	-40.8
Distilla	te Fuel Oil	39.0	38.9	42.8	Ο.	3	-8, 9
	0.05% Sulfur and under	132,9	131.1	129.8	1.	•	2.4
	Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	53.6	55.4	0.0	-3,		••
Residu	ial Fuel Oil	79.4	75.7	0.0	4,		**
Online	ned Olfs	42.7	41.2	46.8	3.	6	-8.8
Other (Olls ⁹	101,8 E220,7	102.4	101.9	-0,		-0.1
		-220.7	E223,4	208.2	-1.	2	6.0
Total S	tocks (Excluding SPR)	1,081.1	1,075,6	1,064,8	0.1	E	4.5
Oruge:	Oil in SPR	585.7	585,6	571.9			1.5
Total S	tocks (Including SPR)	1,666.8	1,661.2	1,636,7	0.0		2.4
	Includes lease condensate.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.,	.100017	0.0	J	1.8

Includes lease condensate,

gasofine blefluing components, naphritia and only long periodic long per

Includes lease condensate,
Net Imports = Gross Imports (line 3) + Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) Imports (line 4) - Exports (line 5).
Unaccounted-for Crude Oil is a balancing item. See Giossary for further explanation.
Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids.
Includes an estimate of minor product stock change based on monthly data.
Includes field production of ethanol and an adjustment for motor gasoline blending components in 1993.
Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gases (LRGs), other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuels, and distillate and residual fuel oils.
Includes domestic and Customs-cleared foreign crude oil in transit to refineries.
Included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids and LRGs, other hydrocarbons and oxygenates, aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, tube oils, waxes, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

U.S. Petroleum Activity, 1992 to Present (Million Barrels per Day)

Feb

Mar

Apr

Jan

nent

1411		1 45		1 101	.,,,,	Outi	- Jul	- rug	Фор		1107	
122.0	400	10.5	404	100	13,7				2 A 14	466		940 <i>0</i> 0000000000000000000000000000000000
Input Its	12.9 13.1	12.5 12.7	13.1 13.3	13.3 13.4	13.7	14,1	14.0	13.4	13.7	13,6	13.5	13,2
ns Capacity	15.7	Contract of the second section of the second	15.6	15.6	15.5	14.3 15.5	14.2 15.4	13,6 15,3	13.9 15,3	13,7 15.3	13,8 15,3	13.4
tilization	83.4	81.3	85.1	85.5	89.4	92.4	91.9	89.1	90.7	89,3	90.1	15.6
	00.4	01.0	00.1	00.0	03.4	02,7	91.9	00.1	30.1	0,00	90.1	87.5
Input	13,0	12.9	13,2	13.5	13.7	14.1	14.1					
uts	13,2	13,2	13.5	13.8	14.0	14.5	14.5					
Capacity	15,1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.2	15.2					
tilization	87.0	86.9	89.4	91.0	92.1	95.2	95.3					
r Four-Week Perio	d Ending:											
	08/06	08/13	08/20	08/27	09/03	09/10	09/17	09/24	10/01	10/08		
nput	14.2	14.2	14.1	14.1	14.0	13.9	13,9	13.9	13.9	13,9		
ıts	14.4	_14.4	14.3	_14.3	_14.2	14.1	14.1	14.0	14.1	14.1		
Capacity	^E 15.2	^E 15.2	E15,2	E15.2	E15.2	E15.2	E15,2	E _{15.2}	^E 15.2	E _{15,2}		
ilization ¹	95.2	94.8	94.3	94.1	93.4	92.9	92.7	92.5	92.6	92.6		
				Produ	ction by F	roduct						
rot	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
otor Gasoline	7.0	6.7	6,7	70	4 4						000000000000000000	~~~~
****	0.1	0.1	0.1	7,0 0,1	7.1	7.2	7.2	6,8	7,1	7,2	7,3	7.4
d	6,9	6,6	6,6	6.8	0,1 7.0	0.1	0,1	0.1	0.1	0,1	0.1	0.1
	1.4	1.3	1.3	1,3		7.1	7.1	6.7	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.3
el Oil	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.9	1.4 2,9	1.4 3.0	1.5	1,5 2,9	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
el Oil	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	3.1 0.8	2.9 0.8	3.0 0.8	3,3 0.8	3.2 0.9	3,2 0,9
arana ayan darah	\$2000000000000000000000000000000000000	200 mare 4 400 h										
tor Gasoline ²	7.3	7,2	6.9	7.1	7.4	7,4	7.3					
lated ted ²	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
iea Iished ²	1.7	1,2	0.4	0,3	0.7	0.7	8,0					
IISHO	5.6	6.0	6,5	6.9	6.7	6.7	6,5					
el Oif	1,4	1.4	1,5	1.4	1,4	1.5	1.5					
ilfur and under	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.9	3,1	3,2					
nan 0.05% Sulfur	0.4 2.5	0.3	0.3	0,3	0.3	0.3	0,5					
el Oll	2.3 0.8	2.6 0.8	2,7 0,8	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7					
Four-Week Period		0.0	U.O	0,9	0,9	8.0	8.0					
	08/06	08/13	08/20	08/27	09/03	09/10	09/17	09/24	10/01	10/00		
or Gasoline ²	7,4	7,3	7.3	7,3	7.3	7.3	7,4	7.5	7,6	10/08 7,5		
aled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
ed ²	0.5	0,6	0,8	0.8	0.9	1,1	1.3	1.5	1,6	0.0 1,8		
lshed ²	6.9	6.7	6.5	6.4	6,3	6,3	6.1	6,1	5.9	5.8		
	1.5	1,5	1,5	1,4	1.4	1,4	1.4	1.4	1,4	1,4	4.4	
l Oil	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3,2	3,2	3,3	3.3	3,3	3.3		
lfur and under	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1,3	1,4	1,4	1.5	1,5	1,6		
an 0.05% Sulfur I Oli	2.5	2.3	2,2	2,0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1,8	1,8	1.8		
	0.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8		

Inputs and Utilization

May

Jul

Aug

Sep

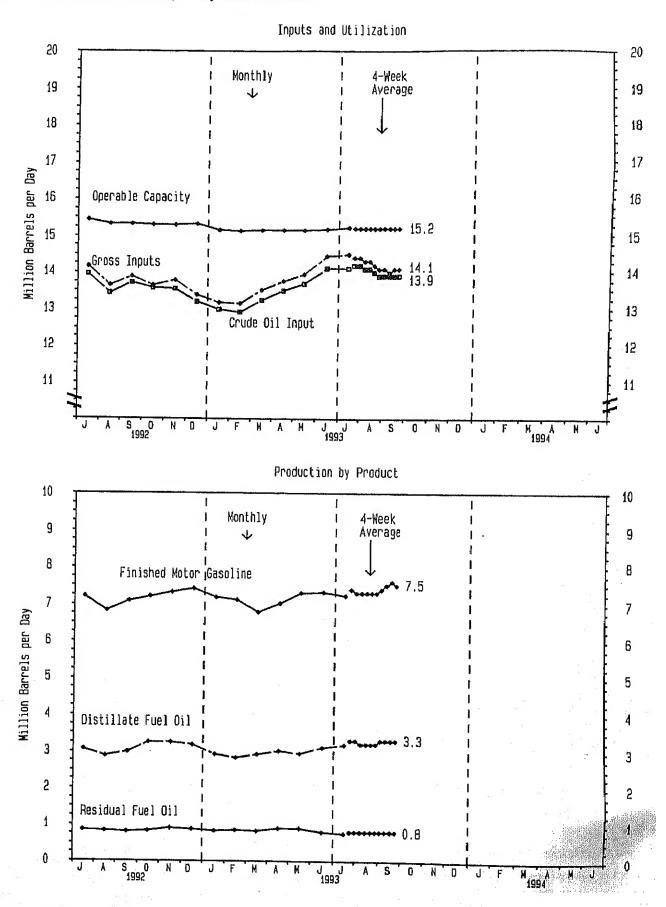
Oct

Nov

Dei

lated as gross inputs divided by the latest reported monthly operable capacity. See Glossary. Percentages are calculated using unrounded numbers. Inling in 1993, motor gasoline production and product supplied includes blending of fuel ethanol and an adjustment to correct for the imbalance of motor at based on data published for the most recent month in the Petroleum Supply Monthly, roduction statistics represent net production (i.e., refinery output minus refinery input).

Figure 1. U.S. Petroleum Activity, July 1992 to Present



Source: See page 28.

Table 3. Stocks of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, 1 U.S. Totals, 1992 to Present (Million Barrels)

Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1992								or commendations	er oggette i d <u>an så</u> tta No	www.comesec.id	0054	
Crude Oil ²	341.3	346.3	338.5			325.1			322.1		325.4	318,
Total Motor Gasoline	229.3		220.4		219.8	224,8				204,4	213.9	216.
Finished Leaded	4.8	4.6	3,9							3.7	3.9	3.
Finished Unleaded	186.3		177.9	179.7		184.2					172.7	173.8
Blending Components	38.2		38.5	34.2		36.8						38.
Jet Fuel	44.9		43.7	41.7		44.6				an experience de Maria de la Caraca de C	46.2	43.1
Distillate Fuel Oil	126.7	108.8	97.7			104.5	114.		127.8		146.3	140.6
Residual Fuel Oil	45.4	43.9		39.1	41.2	40.9					46.5	42.6
Unfinished Oils	101.2	101.7	106.1	105.6	102.4	103.5	101.3		101.3		102.3	95.3
Other Oils ³	152.8		154.4			190.3			211.7	196.3	181.2	161.3
Total (Excl. SPR)	1,041.7	1,019.1	1,002.3	1,014.5	1,033.9	1,033.6				1,066.8	1,061,8	
Crude Oil in SPR	568.5	568.5	568.5	568.5	568.5	569.5	569.5	570.1	571.4	573.6	574.0	574.7
Total (Incl. SPR)	1,610.2	1,587.6	1,570.8	1,583.1	1,602.4	1,603.1	1,619.7	1,620.8	1,635,6	1,640.3	1,635.8	1,592.0
1993												
Crude Oil ²	325.6	331,3	337.1	349.1	352.8	351,7	352.4	ì				
Total Motor Gasoline	236.6	241.6		222.4		220.0						
Reformulated	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0						
Oxygenated	32.3	23.0		11.3		8.8						
Other Finished	162.9	176.7				174.3						
Blending Components	41.3	41.8	40.4	39.5		36.8	37.6					
Jet Fuel	41.0	42.3		41.3	42.5	44.8						
Distillate Fuel Oil	130.2	109.4	97.5	98.3		109.4	120.2					
0.05% Sulfur and under	22.1	15.6				17,2	23.2					
Greater than 0.05% Sulfui		93.8	85.1	85.6		92.2	97.0					
Residual Fuel Oil	44.2	42.1	40.7	41.4		45.8	42.7					
Unfinished Oils	99.3	99.7	103.5	101.9		101.4	101.8					
Other Oils ³	159.1	152.9	158.4	175.1	194.2	204,5	218.7					
Total (Excl. SPR)	1,036.1	1,019.3	1,006.0	1,029.6	1,061.2	1,077.6	1,095.1					
Crude Oil In SPR	575.3	575.8	577.6	581.7	582.1	582.8	583.3					
Total (Incl. SPR)	1,611.4	1,595.2	1,583.6	1,611.3	1,643.3	1,660,4	1,678.5					
Week Ending:		·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.,	1,1100	1,000,7	,,,,,,,,,,					
1993	08/06	08/13	08/20	00/07	00/00	00/40	0.0.Ja.m					
Crude Oil ²	353.0	348.5	343.8	08/27	09/03	09/10	09/17	09/24	10/01	10/08		
Total Motor Gasoline	209.1	207.7	202.0	345.1	338.6	339.9	339.7	330.1	327.7	331.9		
Reformulated	0.0	0.0	0.0	201.2	202.4	201.3	204.4	208.0	208.2	209.1		
Oxygenated	6.7	7.4	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0		
Other Finished	166.6	164.2	158.9	4.4	6.1	8.6	12.2	15.9	18.5	22.4		
Blending Components	35.7	36.1	36.1	162.5 34.4	160.9	156,1	154,3	154.2	152,8	149.1		
Jet Fuel	46.9	46.4	43.6		35.3	36.6	37.8	37.9	37.0	37.6		
Distillate Fuel Oll	121.8	122.9	125.5	44,1	43.2	42,7	41.9	42,3	41.6	42,0		
0.05% Sulfur and under	30.4	33.9	41.7	124.5 43.8	127.2	130.7	131.3	131.5	131.1	132.9		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	91.4	89.0	83.8		47.6	50.6	53,4	56,6	55.4	53.6		
Residual Fuel Oil	43.2	43.0	42.4	80.8 43.6	79.7	80.1	77.9	74.9	75.7	79.4		
Unfinished Olls	103.3	_104.0			43.9	43.1	42.5	42.8	41,2	42.7		
Other Olls ³	⁵ 211.3	E212.7	104.4 ^E 214.1	104.6	106.7	_106.0	_104.0	101.8	_102.4	_101.8		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			1.075.0	^E 218.5	E219.5	E219.1	E218.8	^E 218,4	E223.4	E220.7		
Crude Oil in SPR	583.3	1,085.3 583,6	1,075.8	1,081.6	1,081.4	1,082.8	1,082.5	1,074.9	1,075.6	1,081.1		
			583.8 1,659.6	583.8 1,665.5	584,1 1,665,4	584.1	585.2	585.5	585.6	585.7		
			1.00%.0	I DDD D	1 666 /	1,666.9	1,667.7	1,660.5	1,661.2	1,666.8		

Product stocks include those domestic and Customs-cleared foreign stocks held at, or in transit to, refineries and bulk terminals, and stocks in pipelines.

Stocks held at natural gas processing plants are included in "Other Oils" and in totals. All stock levels are as of the end of the period.

Crude oil stocks include those domestic and Customs-cleared foreign crude oil stocks held at refineries, in pipelines, in lease tanks, and in transit to refineries.

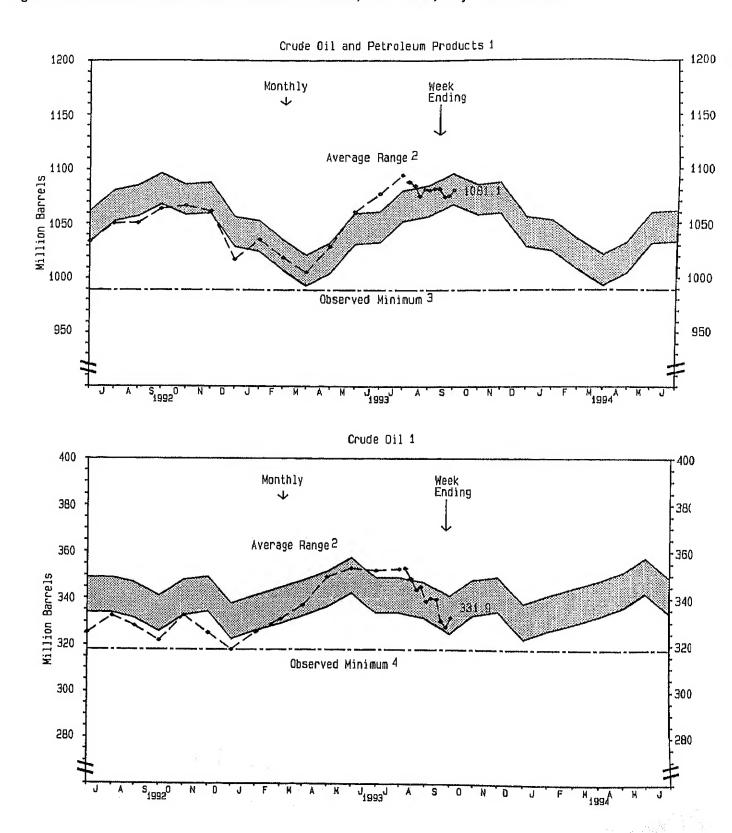
Does not include those held in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve(SPR).

Included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids and LRG's, other hydrocarbons and oxygenates, aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, waxes, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

E=Estimated. See Glossary for definition of "Stock Change (Refined Products)" for explanation of other oils estimation methodology.

Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See page 28.

Figure 2. Stocks of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, U.S. Totals, July 1992 to Present



¹ Excludes stocks held in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Includes domestic and Customs-cleared foreign products and/or crude oil held at, or in transit refineries and bulk terminals, and stocks in pipelines.

Average level and width of average range are based on 3 years of monthly data: July 1990 - June 1993. The seasonal pattern is based on 7 years of

monthly data. See Appendix A for further explanation.

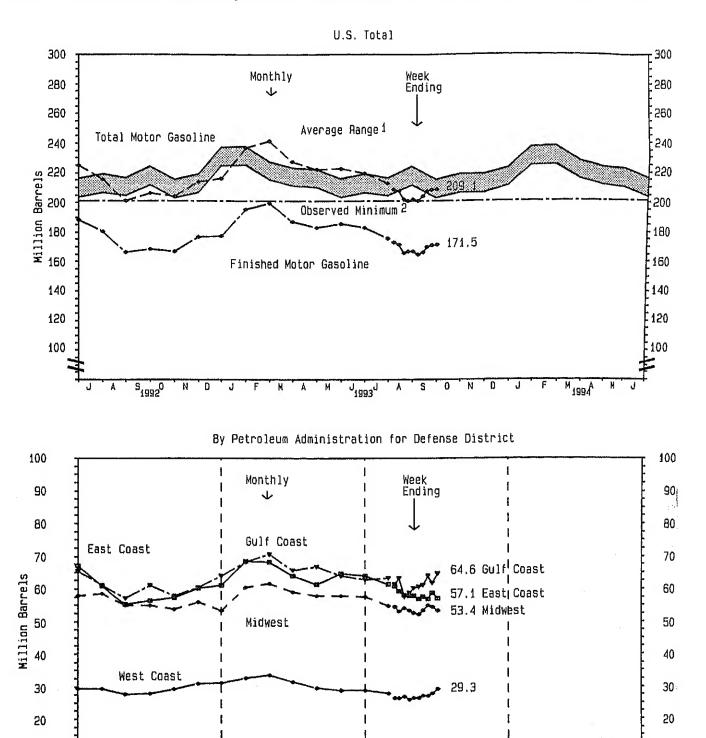
The observed minimum for total stocks in the last 36-month period was 989.1 million barrels, occurring in March 1991. See Appendix for further explana The observed minimum for crude oil stocks in the last 36-month period was 318.1 million barrels, occurring in December 1992. Source: See page 28.

Table 4. Stocks of Motor Gasoline by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD), 1992 to Present (Million Barrels)

Year, District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1992												
Total Motor Gasoline	229.3	230.1	220.4	217.7	219.8	224.8	215.5	201.0	206.3	204.4	213.9	216.3
East Coast (PADD I)	63.1	66.0	64.2	67.4	67.2	67.0	60.9	55.4	56.5	57,4	60.3	61.1
New England (PADD IX)	6.6	5.8	6.0	5.8	6.2	6.0	4.8	4,2	4.9	4.6	5.2	4.2
Central Atlantic (PADD 19	31.9	37,1	34.9	37.0	33.7	34.4	30.0	26.7	27.7	28.3	29.6	30.8
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	24.7	23,1	23,3	24.6	27.2	26,6	26.1	24.6	24.0	24.5	25.4	26.1
Midwest (PADD II)	59.3	59.4	56.8	54.9	55.5	57.8	58.7	55.1	55.2	53.9	56.0	53.5
Guf Coast (PADD III)	67.5	68.0	65.9	63.4	61.8	65.3	61.1	57,2	61.1	57.8	60,4	000000 BAR
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	7.1	6.7	6.9	6.0	5.8	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.9	6.2	6.5
West Coast (PADD V)	32.2	30.0	26.6	26.0	29.6	29,4	29.4	27.9	27.9	29.5	31.0	
Finished Motor Gasoline	191.1	190.5	181.9	183,5	185.8	188.1	180.4	166.5	168.3	167.0	property in the state of the experience of the con-	313
Leadeg	4.8	4.6	3.9	3.8	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.5	3.7	3.7	176.6	177.6
Unleaded	186.3	185.9	177.9	179.7	181.8	184.2	176.5	163.0			800000 T T T T MAY 5 Y	3,8
Brending Components	39.2	39.6	38.5	34.2	34.1	36.8	35.1	34.5	164.6 38.0	163.4 37.4	172.7 37.3	173.8 38.7
1993					TO DESCRIPTION	, 11 N. 15 TO PARTO 2000	90 S S TATE TO 100 S	0.000	or an incom	80 94./7 00000	6. 97.9	
Total Motor Gasoline	236.6	241.6	007.4			d-12121211200000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000					
East Coast (PADD I)	68.4	241.6	227.4	222,4	222,6	220.0	213.2					
New England (PADD IX)	6.0	68.2	63.9	61.3	64.8	64.0	61.5					
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)		6.1	5.9	5.5	6.0	5.3	5.1					
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	36.3	37.5	36.0	34.1	33.5	33.4	31.0					
Midwest (PADD II)	26.0	24.7	22.1	21.7	25.3	25,3	25.3					
Guf Coast (PADD III)	60.4	61.7	59.1	57.9	58.0	57.6	54.8					
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	68.1	70.6	65,6	66.8	64.1	62.9	63.2					
West Coast (PADD V)	7.1	7.3	7.4	6.8	6.9	6.4	5.9					
inished Motor Gasoline	32.6	33.7	31.5	29.6	28.9	29,1	27.9					
Refermulated	195.3	199.8	187.0	182.9	185.4	183,2	175.7					
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Oxygenated	32,3	23.0	17.5	11.3	10.2	8.8	5.7					
Other Finished	162.9	176.7	169.6	171.6	175.3	174,3	169,9					
lending Components	41.3	41.8	40.4	39.5	37.2	36.8	37.6					
Veek Ending:							0710					
993	08/06	08/13	08/20	08/27	09/03	00/40	004=					
otal Motor Gasoline	209.1	207.7	202.0	201,2	202.4	09/10	09/17			10/08		
East Coast (PADD I)	60.9	59.4	58.2	57.8		201.3	204.4		208,2 2	209.1		
New England (PADD IX)	5.8	4.7	4.7		57.8	56.9	57.7	57.0		57.1		
Central Atlantic (PADD iv)	30.7	30.1	30.4	5.3	5,4	5.0	4.4	5,3	5,1	5,2		
Lower Atlantic (PADD 17)	24.4	24.5	23.1	30.5	30.6	30.8	30.7	29.0		29.8		
Makest (PADID II)	54.7	53.1		22.0	21.7	21.1	22.7	22.7		22.1		
Guf Coast (PADD III)	61.4	63.4	54.1	53.5	52.8	52.3	53.4	55.0		53.4		
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	5.6	5.4	57.7	58.8	60.2	60.6	61.2	63.9		64.6		
West Coast (PADD V)	26.5		5.0	4.9	5,0	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.9			
isted Motor Gasoline	173.4	26.5	27.1	26.2	26.5	26.5	27.2	27.4		4.8		
Reformulated		171.6	166.0	166.9	167.0		166.5			29.3		
Dxygenated	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0		71.5		
Sthan First Land	6.7	7.4	7.0	4.4	6.1	8,6	12.2		0.0	0.0		
	66.6	164.2	158.9	162.5	160.9	Well-to the section of the section of the	154.3	15.9		22.4		
	35.7	36.1	36,1	34.4	35.3	36.6	37.8	154,2 1 37,9	52.8 1	49.1		

Note: PADD and sub-PADD data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See page 28.

Figure 3. Stocks of Motor Gasoline by Petroleum Administration for Defense District, July 1992 to Present



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Source: See page 28,

Rocky Mountain

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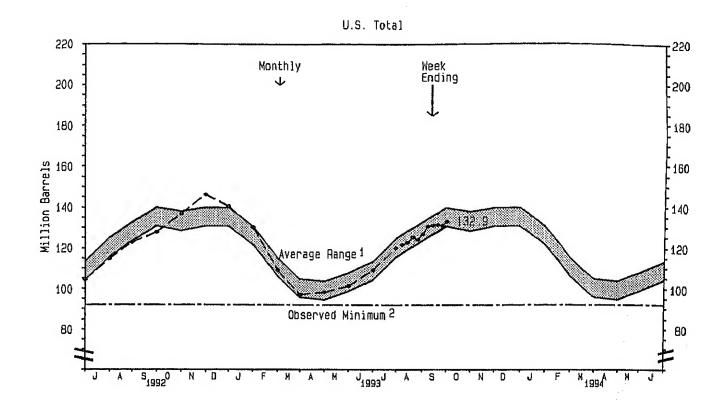
Average level and width of average range are based on 3 years of monthly data: July 1990 - June 1993. The seasonal pattern is based on 7 years of nonthly data. See Appendix A for further explanation.
 The observed minimum for total motor gasoline stocks in the last 36-month period was 201.0 million barrels, occurring in August 1992.

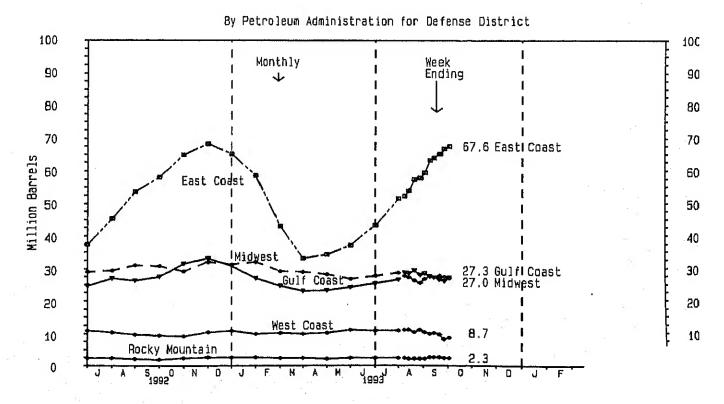
Table 5. Stocks of Distillate Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD), 1992 to Present (Million Barrels)

1922 1014 U.S. 126.7 108.8 97.7 92.1 96.4 104.5 114.6 122.6 127.8 136.8 146.3 140.0 East Coast (PADD I) 53.4 43.5 31.0 28.5 30.1 37.5 45.4 53.6 58.1 64.8 68.2 65.1 New England (PADD IX) 7.4 6.7 4.4 3.3 4.7 6.8 9.5 11.0 11.2 12.1 11.6 9.5 Contral Atlantic (PADD IY) 34.6 25.8 17.0 15.8 14.8 18.0 24.9 30.9 35.7 40.3 42.8 411.0 Lower Allantic (PADD IX) 13.1 11.0 9.5 9.4 10.6 12.7 11.1 11.7 11.3 12.4 13.7 14.1 Midwest (PADD II) 31.2 29.8 30.1 27.7 27.4 29.0 29.3 31.1 30.8 29.1 31.9 31.3 Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 West Coast (PADD II) 31.2 32.8 32.8 22.2 2.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 West Coast (PADD II) 30.2 109.4 97.5 98.3 101.6 109.4 120.2 0.05% Sulfur and under 2.1 15.6 12.4 12.8 14.1 17.2 23.2 East Coast (PADD II) 56.6 43.2 33.1 34.5 37.1 49.2 51.5 0.05% Sulfur and under 10.4 7.0 5.0 5.7 6.8 8.7 11.1 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 48.2 36.1 28.1 28.8 30.3 34.5 40.4 New England (PADD IX) 10.0 8.0 5.8 5.3 5.5 7.7 6.8 8.7 11.1 Central Allantic (PADD IX) 34.8 24.0 16.9 19.6 21.0 25.0 31.1 Lower Allantic (PADD IX) 22.1 23.1 23.1 23.1 24.6 23.1 23.1 24.6 23.1 23.1 24.6 23.1 23.1 24.6 23.1 23.1 24.6 23.1 23.1 24.6 23.1 23.1 24.6 23.1 23.1 24.6 23.1 24.1 25.3 26.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 3.7 2.0 16 1.7 1.7 2.4 4.1 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 27.1 24.6 23.1 23.1 24.1 25.3 26.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 3.7 2.0 1.6 1.7 1.7 2.4 4.1 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 27.1 24.6 23.1 23.4 24.1 25.3 26.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 3.7 2.0 1.6 1.7 1.7 2.4 4.1 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 27.1 24.6 23.1	(Million Darreis	·,											
Telat U.S. 126.7 108.8 97.7 92.1 98.4 104.8 114.8 122.6 127.2 136.8 148.8 149.4 104.8 114.8 122.6 127.2 136.8 148.8 149.4 168.2 86.1 New England (PADD IX) 7.4 6.7 4.4 13.3 14.7 16.8 19.5 11.0 11.2 112.1 11.8 19.5 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10	Year/District	Jan	Feb	Маг	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Telat U.S. 126.7 108.8 97.7 92.1 98.4 104.8 114.8 122.6 127.2 136.8 148.8 149.4 104.8 114.8 122.6 127.2 136.8 148.8 149.4 168.2 86.1 New England (PADD IX) 7.4 6.7 4.4 13.3 14.7 16.8 19.5 11.0 11.2 112.1 11.8 19.5 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10	1992												
East Coast (PADD)		126.7	108.8	97.7	92.1	96.4	104.5	114.6	122.8	127.8			140.6
Neve England (PADD IX) 7.4 6.7 4.4 3.3 4.7 6.8 9.5 11.0 11.2 12.1 11.6 9.5 Central Attanatic (PADD IX) 34.6 23.8 17.0 15.8 14.8 18.0 24.9 30.9 35.7 40.3 42.2 41.0 Lower Allantic (PADD IX) 34.6 23.8 17.0 15.8 14.8 18.0 24.9 30.9 35.7 40.3 42.2 41.0 Lower Allantic (PADD IX) 11.3 11.0 9.5 9.4 10.6 12.7 11.1 11.7 11.3 12.4 13.7 14.1 13.7 14.1 13.7 14.1 13.7 14.1 13.7 14.1 13.7 14.1 13.1 12.4 13.7 14.1 14.1 14.1 14.1 14.1 14.1 14.1 14						30.1	37.5	45,4	53.6				65.1
Central Allantic (PADD IY) 34,8 28,8 17,0 18,8 14,8 18,0 24,9 30,9 35,7 40,3 42,8 41,								9.5	11,0	11.2	12.1	11,6	9.9
Lover Allantic (PADD IX) All 11.0 9.5 9.4 10.6 12.7 11.1 13.7 11.3 12.4 13.7 14.1 All Midwest (PADD III) 28.8 22.5 23.4 24.0 25.6 24.7 27.1 26.4 27.5 31.6 33.2 30.2 27.2 West Coast (PADD III) 28.8 22.5 23.4 24.0 25.6 24.7 27.1 26.4 27.5 31.6 33.2 30.2 30.0 West Coast (PADD V) 10.7 10.4 10.4 9.6 11.1 10.8 10.4 9.6 9.5 9.1 10.3 10.8 Part Coast (PADD V) 10.7 10.4 10.4 9.6 11.1 10.8 10.4 9.6 9.5 9.1 10.3 10.8 Part Coast (PADD V) 10.7 10.4 10.4 9.6 11.1 10.8 10.4 9.6 9.5 9.1 10.3 10.8 Part Coast (PADD V) 10.6 12.1 12.1 10.8 10.2 10.2 10.3 10.8 Part Coast (PADD V) 10.8 10.2 10.8 10.2 10.2 10.3 10.2 10.3 10.3 10.8 Part Coast (PADD V) 10.8 10.2 10.3 10.2 10.3 10.2 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3											40,3	42.8	41.0
Midwest (PADD II) 31.2 29.8 39.1 27.7 27.4 29.0 29.3 31.1 30.0 29.1 31.9 33.2 30.6 Grocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Rocky Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.8 2.3 2.1 2.0 2.3 2.7 2.6 Mountain (PADD VV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5											12,4	13.7	14.1
Guil Coast (PADD II) 28 8 225 23.4 24.0 25.6 24.7 27.1 26.4 27.5 31.6 33.2 30.8 Pocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.7 2.5 2.8 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 2.3 7.2.6 West Coast (PADD V) 10.7 10.4 10.4 9.6 11.1 10.6 10.4 9.6 9.5 9.1 10.9 10.8 1993 Foral U.S.												31.9	31.3
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West Coast (PADD V)													
Page				10.4									
Total U.S. 130.2 109.4 17.5 98.3 101.6 109.4 120.2 (0.51% Sulfur and under Const Sulfur and under Const Sulfur and under 10.4 7.0 5.0 5.7 6.8 8.7 11.1 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.4 7.0 5.0 5.7 6.8 8.7 11.1 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.4 7.0 5.0 5.7 6.8 8.7 11.1 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.4 7.0 5.0 5.7 6.8 8.7 11.1 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.4 7.0 5.0 5.7 6.8 8.7 11.1 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.4 7.0 5.0 5.7 6.8 8.7 11.1 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.4 7.0 5.0 5.8 5.3 5.5 7.7 8.9 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.4 7.0 10.0 8.0 5.8 5.3 5.5 7.7 8.9 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.4 10.9 19.6 21.0 25.0 21.1 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.4 10.9 19.6 21.0 25.0 21.1 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.4 10.9 19.6 21.0 25.0 21.1 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.7 1.6 1.7 1.7 2.4 41.7 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.7 1.2 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.7 1.2 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.7 1.2 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.5 (0.51% Sulfur 2.2 2.0 1.9 1.8 2.0 2.1 2.1 (0.50% Sulfur and under 10.5 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.5 (0.51% Sulfur 2.2 2.0 1.9 1.8 2.0 2.1 2.1 (0.51% Sulfur and under 10.5 (0.51% Sulfur 3.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,7	alia in Person	ovi , ggl. Medica		0000000000 3 08 4: \$000	······································	occopioca Maidos	ocean course was process	00000000000 0000 00	SESSESSES SESSES SESSES SESSES SE	of Manager and Section 1990	. www. z %. z
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East Coast (PADD I)			15.6	12.4	12.8			23.2					
0.05% Sulfur and under O.5% Sulfur A.5% Sulfur O.5% Sulfur A.5% Sulfur A	Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	108.1	93.8	85.1	85.6	87,4	92,2	97.0					
0.05% Sulfur and under O.5% Sulfur A.5% Sulfur O.5% Sulfur A.5% Sulfur A		58.6	43.2	33.1	34.5	37.1	43.2	51.5					
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 48.2 36.1 28.1 28.8 30.3 34.6 40.4 New England (PADD IX) 10.0 8.0 5.8 5.3 7.7 8.9 Central Atlantic (PADD IX) 34.8 24.0 16.9 19.8 21.0 25.0 31.1 Lower Atlantic (PADD IX) 34.8 24.0 16.9 19.8 21.0 25.0 31.1 Lower Atlantic (PADD IX) 34.8 24.0 16.9 19.8 21.0 25.0 31.1 Lower Atlantic (PADD IX) 32.1 28.1 29.0 28.3 28.9 27.7 28.7 0.65% Sulfur and under 3.7 2.0 1.6 17.7 1.7 2.4 4.1 25.3 26.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.7 3.7 2.8 2.9 2.6 3.5 4.5 4.5 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.7 3.7 2.8 2.9 2.6 3.5 4.5 4.5 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0	0.05% Sulfur and under	10.4	7.0	5.0	5.7	6,8	8,7						
New England (PADD IX)	Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	48.2	36.1										
Central Aliantic (PADD IX) 34.8 24.0 16.9 19.6 21.0 25.0 31.1 Lover Aliantic (PADD IX) 31.8 11.1 10.5 9.6 10.6 10.6 10.5 11.6 Midwest (PADD II) 32.1 29.1 29.0 28.3 26.9 27.7 28.7 O.57% SUlfur and under 3.7 2.0 1.6 1.7 1.7 2.4 4.1 St. 20.0 25.3 26.6 O.57% SUlfur and under 5.7 3.7 2.8 2.9 2.6 3.5 4.5 O.57% SUlfur and under 0.57 3.7 2.8 2.9 2.6 3.5 4.5 O.57% SUlfur and under 0.5 2.4 2.4 2.0 2.5 21.6 21.8 22.2 O.57% Sulfur and under 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 O.57% Sulfur and under 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 O.57% Sulfur and under 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 O.57% Sulfur and under 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 O.57% Sulfur and under 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 O.57% Sulfur and under 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 O.57% Sulfur and under 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 O.57% Sulfur and under 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	New England (PADD IX)			race and properly the company of									
Lower Allantic (PADD IX)		34.8											
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0.05% Sulfur and under 2.1 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.7 2.5 3.2 Veck Ending: 983 08/06 08/13 08/20 08/27 09/03 09/10 09/17 09/24 10/01 10/08 Veck Ending: 993 0.05% Sulfur and under 30.4 33.9 41.7 43.8 47.6 50.6 53.4 56.6 55.4 53.6 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 30.4 33.9 41.7 43.8 47.6 50.6 53.4 56.6 55.4 53.6 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 30.4 33.9 41.7 43.8 47.6 50.6 53.4 56.6 55.4 53.6 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 30.4 33.9 41.7 43.8 47.6 50.6 53.4 56.6 55.4 53.6 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 54.0 57.3 57.8 59.6 53.2 53.9 65.1 66.9 67.6 0.05% Sulfur and under 12.2 14.3 19.0 18.3 18.2 19.7 21.5 23.9 24.5 22.2 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 40.0 39.7 38.4 39.4 41.5 43.5 42.4 41.2 42.4 45.4 New England (PADD IX) 9,7 9,7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 Central Atlantic (PADD IY) 31.8 34.9 36.3 36.4 37.9 39.5 39.6 40.9 40.9 41.8 Lower Atlantic (PADD II) 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 26.8 27.7 27.4 27.8 27.5 27.0 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.3 13.2 13.7 12.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 9.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2							2,1	2,1					
Out Stalliur and Under Creater than 0.05% Sulfur 7.8 7.6 7.4 7.8 8.4 8.4 7.7 Veek Ending: 933 08/06 08/13 08/20 08/27 09/03 09/10 09/17 09/24 10/01 10/08 olal U.S. 121.8 122.9 125.5 124.5 127.2 130.7 131.3 131.5 131.1 132.9 005% Sulfur and under 30.4 33.9 41.7 43.8 47.6 50.6 53.4 56.6 55.4 53.6 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 91.4 89.0 83.8 80.8 79.7 80.1 77.9 74.9 75.7 79.4 East Coast (PADD II) 52.2 54.0 57.3 57.8 59.6 83.2 63.9 65.1 66.9 67.6 0.05% Sulfur and under 12.2 14.3 19.0 18.3 18.2 19.7 21.5 23.9 24.5 22.2 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 40.0 39.7 38.4 39.4 41.5 43.5 42.4 41.2 42.4 45.4 New England (PADD IX) 9.7 9.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 Coentral Atlantic (PADD IY) 31.8 34.9 36.3 36.4 37.9 39.5 39.6 40.9 40.9 41.8 Lower Atlantic (PADD II) 10.8 9.4 10.3 10.9 10.6 11.9 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.5 11.2 O.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.9 13.2 13.7 12.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 8.0 9.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 O.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Packy Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 O.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 12.2 12.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Packy Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1					10.2	11.0	10.9	10.9					
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 7.8 7.6 7.4 7.8 8.4 6.4 7.7 Veek Ending: 933 08/06 08/13 08/20 08/27 09/03 09/10 09/17 09/24 10/01 10/08 fotal U.S. 121.8 122.9 125.5 124.5 127.2 130.7 131.3 131.5 131.1 132.9 0.05% Sulfur and under cast (PADD I) 91.4 89.0 83.8 80.8 79.7 80.1 77.9 74.9 75.7 79.4 6.05% Sulfur and under cast (PADD II) 52.2 54.0 57.3 57.8 59.6 63.2 63.9 66.1 66.9 67.6 0.05% Sulfur and under cast (PADD IX) 40.0 39.7 38.4 39.4 41.5 43.5 42.4 41.2 42.4 45.4 New England (PADD IX) 9.7 9.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 Central Allantic (PADD IX) 10.8 9.4 10.3	0.05% Sulfur and under			2.5	2.3	2.7	2.5						
Veek Ending: 983 08/06 08/13 08/20 08/27 09/03 09/10 09/17 09/24 10/01 10/08	Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	7,8	7.6	7.4	7,8	8.4	8.4						
983 08/06 08/13 08/20 08/27 09/03 09/10 09/17 09/24 10/01 10/08 0lal U.S. 121.8 122.9 125.5 124.5 127.2 130.7 131.3 131.5 131.1 132.9 0.05% Sulfur and under 30.4 33.9 41.7 43.8 47.6 50.6 53.4 56.6 55.4 53.6 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 91.4 89.0 83.8 80.8 79.7 80.1 77.9 74.9 75.7 79.4 East Coast (PADD I) 52.2 54.0 57.3 57.8 59.6 63.2 63.9 65.1 66.9 67.6 0.05% Sulfur and under 12.2 14.3 19.0 18.3 18.2 19.7 21.5 23.9 24.5 22.2 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 40.0 39.7 39.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 41.2 42.4 45.4 New England (PADD IX) 9.7 9.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 Central Atlantic (PADD IX) 10.8 9.4 10.3 10.9 10.6 11.8 11.6 11.8 11.5 11.2 Midwest (PADD II) 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 26.8 27.7 27.4 27.8 27.5 27.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.3 13.2 13.7 12.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 22.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 Gulf Coast (PADD III) 28.6 28.4 29.4 29.4 28.0 28.4 27.6 27.2 26.5 26.1 27.3 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 West Coast (PADD IV) 11.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 5.9 6.2 6.0 5.7 5.5 4.4 5.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 5.9 6.2 6.0 5.7 5.5 4.4 5.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 5.9 6.2 6.0 5.7 5.5 4.4 5.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 5.9 6.2 6.0 5.7 5.5 4.4 5.0 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 6.2 5.8 5.0 5.0 5.2 4.2 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7	Week Ending:						2. 2.22200000000000000	000000-00004					
Cold J.S. 121.8 122.9 125.5 124.5 127.2 130.7 131.3 31.5 191.1 132.9 0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 91.4 89.0 83.8 80.8 79.7 80.1 77.9 74.9 75.7 79.4 East Coast (PADD I) 52.2 54.0 57.3 57.8 59.6 63.2 63.9 65.1 66.9 67.6 0.05% Sulfur and under Liz 2 14.3 19.0 18.3 18.2 19.7 21.5 23.9 24.5 22.2 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 4 40.0 39.7 38.4 39.4 41.5 43.5 42.4 41.2 42.4 45.4 New England (PADD IX) 9.7 9.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 Lower Allantic (PADD IX) 10.8 9.4 10.3 10.9 10.6 11.8 11.5 11.2 Midwest (PADD III) 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 </td <td></td> <td>08/08</td> <td>08/13</td> <td>กล/วก</td> <td>08/27</td> <td>00/02</td> <td>00/40</td> <td>00/47</td> <td>00/04</td> <td>40104</td> <td>40400</td> <td></td> <td></td>		08/08	08/13	กล/วก	08/27	00/02	00/40	00/47	00/04	40104	40400		
0.05% Sulfur and under 30.4 33.9 41.7 43.8 47.6 50.6 53.4 56.6 55.4 53.6 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 91.4 89.0 83.8 80.8 79.7 80.1 77.9 74.9 75.7 79.4 East Coast (PADD I) 52.2 54.0 57.3 57.8 59.6 63.2 63.9 65.1 66.9 67.6 0.05% Sulfur and under 12.2 14.3 19.0 18.3 18.2 19.7 21.5 23.9 24.5 22.2 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 40.0 39.7 38.4 39.4 41.5 43.5 42.4 41.2 42.4 45.4 New England (PADD IX) 9.7 9.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 Central Atlantic (PADD IX) 31.8 34.9 36.3 36.4 37.9 39.5 39.6 40.9 40.9 41.8 Lower Atlantic (PADD II) 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 26.8 27.7 27.4 27.8 27.5 27.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.3 13.2 13.7 12.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 22.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 12 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 Next Coast (PADD IV) 1.0 11.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 Next Coast (PADD IV) 1.0 11.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 Next Coast (PADD IV) 1.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 Next Coast (PADD IV) 1.0 11.0 10.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 Next Coast (PADD IV) 1.0 11.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0													
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 91.4 99.0 83.8 80.8 79.7 80.1 77.9 74.9 75.7 79.4 East Coast (PADD I) 52.2 54.0 57.3 57.8 59.6 63.2 63.9 65.1 66.9 67.6 0.05% Sulfur and under 12.2 14.3 19.0 18.3 18.2 19.7 21.5 23.9 24.5 22.2 44.5 New England (PADD IX) 9.7 9.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 Central Allantic (PADD IY) 31.8 34.9 36.3 36.4 37.9 39.5 39.6 40.9 40.9 41.8 Lower Allantic (PADD IZ) 10.8 9.4 10.3 10.9 10.6 11.8 11.6 11.8 11.5 11.2 Midwest (PADD II) 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 26.8 27.7 27.4 27.8 27.5 27.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.3 13.2 13.7 12.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 22.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 20.6 28.4 29.4 28.0 28.4 27.6 27.2 26.5 26.1 27.3 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 20.6 20.9 19.6 17.1 16.2 15.8 15.5 13.8 14.3 14.9 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Pocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 1.9 1.7 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.5 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2													
Easl Coast (PADD I) 52.2 54.0 57.3 57.8 59.6 63.2 63.9 65.1 66.9 67.6 0.05% Sulfur and under 12.2 14.3 19.0 18.3 18.2 19.7 21.5 23.9 24.5 22.2 Greater Ihan 0.05% Sulfur 40.0 39.7 38.4 39.4 41.5 43.5 42.4 41.2 42.4 45.4 New England (PADD IX) 9.7 9.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 Central Atlantic (PADD IY) 31.8 34.9 36.3 36.4 37.9 39.5 39.6 40.9 40.9 41.8 Lower Atlantic (PADD II) 10.8 9.4 10.3 10.9 10.6 11.8 11.6 11.8 11.5 11.2 Midwest (PADD II) 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 26.8 27.7 27.4 27.8 27.5 27.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.3 13.2 13.7 12.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 22.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 Guf Coast (PADD III) 28.6 28.4 29.4 28.0 28.4 27.6 27.2 26.5 26.1 27.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 News Coast (PADD IV) 2.1 1.0 11.0 10.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 6.2	Greater than 0.05% Sulfur												
0.05% Sulfur and under 12.2 14.3 19.0 18.3 18.2 19.7 21.5 29.9 24.5 22.2 19.9 19.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 14.6 14.6 14.6 14.6 14.6 14	Fast Coast (PADD I)							77.9	74,9	75.7	79.4		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 40.0 39.7 38.4 39.4 41.5 43.5 42.4 41.2 42.4 45.4 New England (PADD IX) 9.7 9.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 14.6 Central Atlantic (PADD IY) 31.8 34.9 36.3 36.4 37.9 39.5 39.6 40.9 40.9 41.8 Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ) 10.8 9.4 10.3 10.9 10.6 11.8 11.6 11.8 11.5 11.2 Midwest (PADD II) 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 26.8 27.7 27.4 27.8 27.5 27.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.3 13.2 13.7 12.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 22.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 20.6 20.8 19.6 17.1 16.2 15.8 15.5 13.8 14.3 14.9 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 20.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 12.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 12.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 12.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 12.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 12.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.	0.05% Sulfur and under									66.9			
New England (PADD IX) 9.7 9.7 10.7 10.5 11.1 11.8 12.6 12.4 14.6 14.6 Central Atlantic (PADD IX) 31.8 34.9 36.3 36.4 37.9 39.5 39.6 40.9 40.9 41.8 Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ) 10.8 9.4 10.3 10.9 10.6 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.8 11.5 11.2 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 26.8 27.7 27.4 27.8 27.5 27.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.3 13.2 13.7 12.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 22.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 1.9 1.7 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.2 Rocky Mountain (PADD V) 11.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 1.9 1.7 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.2 Rocky Mountain (PADD V) 11.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 6.2 5.8 5.0 5.2 4.2 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7	Greater Ihan O OEst Cultur						19.7	21.5	23.9	24.5			
Central Atlantic (PADD IY) 31.8 34.9 36.3 36.4 37.9 39.5 39.6 40.9 40.9 41.8 Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ) 10.8 9.4 10.3 10.9 10.6 11.8 11.6 11.8 11.5 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2	New England (DADD 10)						43.5	42.4					
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ) 10,8 9.4 10,3 10.9 10.6 11.8 11.6 11.8 11.5 11.12 11.2 12.7 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 26.8 27.7 27.4 27.8 27.5 27.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.3 13.2 13.7 12.8 14.2 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 15.3 15.7 15.7 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.7 15.3 15.7 15.3 15.3 15.7 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.7 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3	Control Atlantic (PADD IX)				10.5	11.1	11.8	12.6					
Lower Atlantic (PADD I2) 10.8 9.4 10.3 10.9 10.6 11.8 11.6 11.8 11.5 11.2 Midwest (PADD II) 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 26.8 27.7 27.4 27.8 27.5 27.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.3 13.2 13.7 12.8 14.2 (PADD III) 28.6 28.4 29.4 28.0 18.4 27.6 27.2 26.5 26.1 27.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 (PADD III) 20.6 20.8 19.6 17.1 16.2 15.8 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.9 (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 (PADD III) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 (PADD IIII) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 (PADD IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Central Atlantic (PADD IV)			36.3	36.4	37.9							
Maddest (PADD II) 27.7 27.4 26.4 25.7 26.8 27.7 27.4 27.8 27.5 27.0 0.05% Sulfur and under 5.1 6.5 7.2 8.3 10.5 12.0 13.3 13.2 13.7 12.8 14.2 (Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 22.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 (Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 20.6 20.8 19.6 17.1 16.2 15.8 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 (Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 20.6 20.8 19.6 17.1 16.2 15.8 15.8 13.8 14.3 14.9 (Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 (Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 30.05% Sulfur 30	Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)		9.4	10,3	10.9								
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 22.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 2.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 2.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 2.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 2.6 20.6 28.4 29.4 28.0 28.4 27.6 27.2 26.5 26.1 27.3 2.6 20.5 26.1 27.3 2.6 20.6 20.8 19.6 17.1 16.2 15.8 15.5 13.8 14.3 14.9 2.4 2.6 20.8 19.6 17.1 16.2 15.8 15.5 13.8 14.3 14.9 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5	Midwest (PADD II)		27.4	26.4	25.7								
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 22.6 20.9 19.2 17.4 16.3 15.7 14.1 14.6 13.8 14.2 28.6 28.4 29.4 28.0 28.4 27.6 27.2 26.5 26.1 27.3 27.5 26.5 26.1 27.3 27.5 26.5 26.1 27.3 27.5 26.5 26.1 27.3 27.5 26.5 26.1 27.3 27.5 26.5 26.1 27.3 27.5 26.5 26.1 27.3 27.5 26.5 27.5 26.5 27.5 26.5 27.5 26.5 27.5 26.5 27.5 26.5 27.5 26.5 27.5 26.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27	0.05% Sultur and under	5.1	6.5										
Guil Coast (PADD III) 28.6 28.4 29.4 28.0 28.4 27.6 27.2 26.5 26.1 27.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 West Coast (PADD V) 11.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 5.9 6.2 6.0 5.7 5.5 4.4 5.0 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 6.2 5.8 5.0 5.2 4.2 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7	Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	22,6											
0.05% Sulfur and under 8.0 7.6 9.8 10.8 12.2 11.9 11.7 12.7 11.8 12.4 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 20.6 20.8 19.6 17.1 16.2 15.8 16.5 13.8 14.3 14.9 Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 Vest Coast (PADD V) 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 5.9 6.2 6.0 5.7 5.5 4.4 5.0 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 6.2 5.8 5.0 5.2 4.2 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7	Gulf Coast (PADD III)	28.6						0.00 <u>202</u> 020					
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 20.6 20.8 19.6 17.1 16.2 15.8 15.5 13.8 14.3 14.9 Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 2.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 West Coast (PADD V) 11.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 5.9 6.2 6.0 5.7 5.5 4.4 5.0 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 6.2 5.8 5.0 5.2 4.2 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7	0.05% Sulfur and under		7.6		100			57.5			27.3		
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.3 0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 West Coast (PADD V) 11.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 6.2 5.8 5.0 5.2 4.2 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7	Greater than 0.05% Suffur		20 B		17.0			11.7		11.8			
0.05% Sulfur and under 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)								13.8	14.3	14.9		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 1.9 1.7 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.2 West Coast (PADD V) 11.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 5.9 6.2 6.0 5.7 5.5 4.4 5.0 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 6.2 5.8 5.0 5.2 4.2 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7	0.05% Sulfur and under												
West Coast (PADD V) 11.0 11.0 10.3 11.0 10.4 9.8 10.2 9.6 8.2 8.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 5.9 6.2 6.0 5.7 5.5 4.4 5.0 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 6.2 5.8 5.0 5.2 4.2 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7	Greater than 0.05% Sulfer						1.1	1,2					
0.05% Sulfur and under 4.7 5.2 5.2 5.9 6.2 6.0 5.7 5.5 4.4 5.0 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 6.2 5.8 5.0 5.2 4.2 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7							1.4						
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 6.2 5.8 5.0 5.2 4.2 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7	0.05% Sulfur and under					10.4	9,8			မ်းခဲ့			
4.1 3.8 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.8 3.7	Greater than 0.0502 Cours		5,2			6,2							
7.0 0.0 0.7	- June man 0.05% Suitur	0.2	5.8	5.0	5.2						0.0		
	Man. Dinn							erene er	outer Marine	Q			

Note: PADD and sub-PADD data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See page 28.

Figure 4. Stocks of Distillate Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District, July 1992 to Present





Average level and width of average range are based on 3 years of monthly data: July 1990 - June 1993. The data. See Appendix A for further explanation.

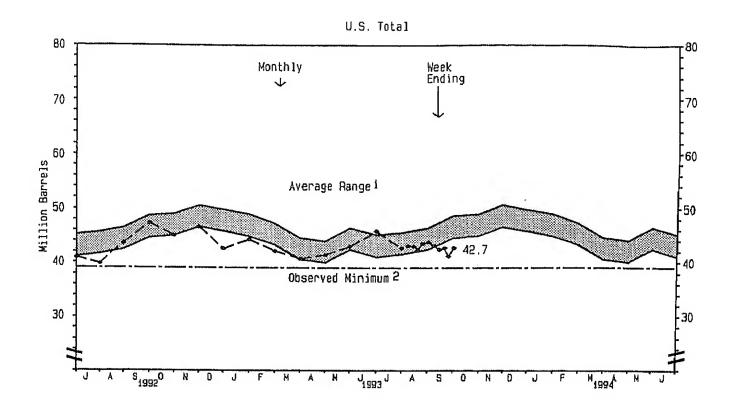
The observed minimum for distillate fuel oil stocks in the last 36-month period was 92.1 million barrels, occurring Source: See page 28.

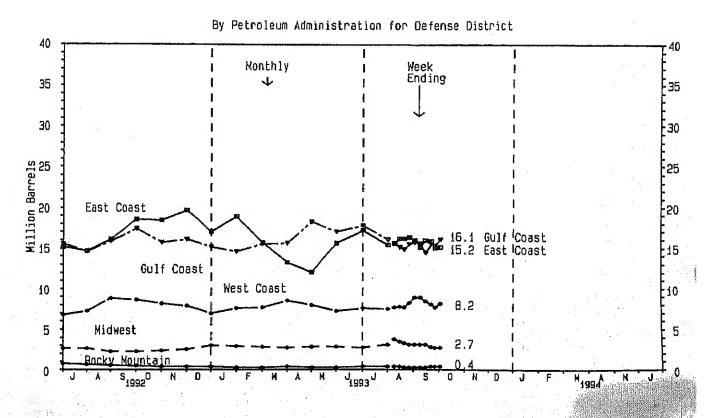
Table 6. Stocks of Residual Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD), 1992 to Present (Million Barrels)

(Million Barreis	<i>)</i>										-	
Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1992												*******
Total U.S.	45.4	43.9	41.5	39,1	41.2	40,9	39,7	43.6	47.3	45,0	46.5	42.6
East Coast (PADD I)	18.4	17.1	14.4	14.3	15.1	15.2	14.7	16.1	18.5	18.4	19.7	17.1
New England (PADD IX)	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.4	1,5	1,5	1.5	1.8	2.3	2,5	1.6
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	13.5	12.4	10.1	10.2	10.8	10.7	10.7	11.9	13.6	13.9	14.2	12.8
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.8	3,0	2,4	2.7	3.0	2,3	9,1	2.7
Midwest (PADD II)	3.4	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.3	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.2	2,3	2.5	3.0
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	14.4	.14.0	14.9	14.0	13.7	15.5	14.6	15.9	17.4	15,7	16.1	15.2
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0.6	0.6	0.7	8.0	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.4	0,4	0.4
West Coast (PADD V)	8.7	8.4	7.8	6.8	8,4	6.8	7.3	8.8	8.7	8,2	7.9	7.0
1993												
Total U.S.	44,2	42.1	40.7	41,4	43.0	45.8	42.7					
East Coast (PADD I)	18.9	15.7	13.3	12.1	15,6	17.2	15,4					
New England (PADD IX)	2.4	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.9	1.7					
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	14.3	11.7	9.5	8.4	11.2	13.1	11.6					
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.8	2.3	2.2					
Midwest (PADD II)	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1					
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	14.6	15.5	15.6	18.2	17.0	17.8	16.1					
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4					
West Coast (PADD V)	7.6	7.7	8.6	8.0	7.3	7,6	7,6					
Veek Ending:			··· . 0. ·T/T000	ar ann an		(0,000000.A .T .0000	8800000000 1 75					
993	08/06	08/13	08/20	00/07	00/00	00/40	00/4=	40/04				
otal U.S.	43.2	43.0	42.4	08/27	09/03	09/10	09/17	09/24	10/01	10/08		
East Coast (PADD I)	15.6	16.2	16.2	43.6	43.9	43.1	42.5	42.8	41,2	42.7		
New England (PADD IX)	1.8	1.6	1.4	16.4 1.8	16.0	15.2	16,0	15.9	15.1	15.2		
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	11.5	12.2	12.4	ALC: THE STATE OF STREET	1,4	1,2	1,4	1.4	1,5	1,6		
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	2.4	2.4	2,3	11.9	11.6	11.2	11.9	11.3	11.3	11.6		
Midwest (PADD II)	3.8	3.5	3.3	2.7	3.0	2,8	2.6	9.2	2.3	2.0		
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	15.6	15.2		3.1	3,1	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.7		
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0.4	0.4	14.9	15.5	15.7	15,6	14.5	15,5	15.3	16,1		
West Coast (PADD V)	7.7	Company of the	0.3	0,3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4		
	1915	/58 (5)	7.7	8.3	8.9	8.9	8.5	8.1	7.7	8.2		

Note: PADD and sub-PADD data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See page 28.

Figure 5. Stocks of Residual Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District, July 1992 to Present





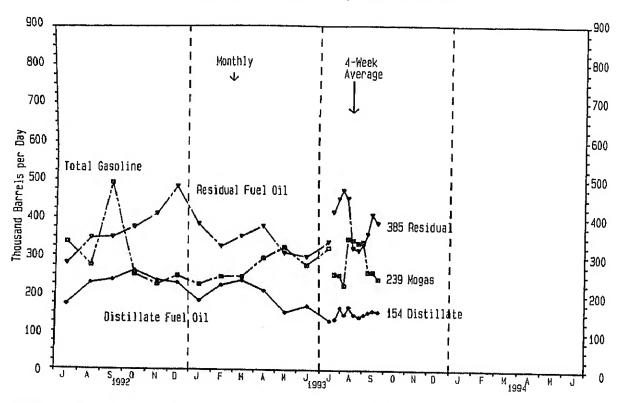
^{1.} Average level and width of average range are based on 3 years of monthly data: July 1990 - June 1993. The seasonal pattern is based on 7 years of monthal data. See Appendix A for further explanation.

2. The physical minimum for residual five oil stocks in the last 36 month period was 39.1 million barrets, occurring in April 1993.

The observed minimum for residual fuel oil stocks in the last 36-month period was 39.1 million barrels, occurring in April 1992. Source See page 28.

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Figure 6. U.S. Imports of Petroleum Products by Product, July 1992 to Present



U.S. Imports of Petroleum Products by Product, 1992 to Present Table 7. (Thousand Barrels per Day)

Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Arre	-			
1992					Ividy	Juli	Jui	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total Motor Gasoline	264	328	289	471	409	005- 22 23-38	0 44 44 4 4 44 4	of viliano		1 + 54 0000 0000		
Finished Leaded	0	0	0	0	0	441	338	276	491	252	225	247
Finished Unleaded	246	275	247	428	392	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blending Components	18	53	42	44	18	424	303	240	418	193	170	202
Jet Fuel	39	56	56	74		17	35	37	73	58	55	46
Distillate Fuel Oil	232	217	238	202	93	86	81	111	93	105	90	102
Residual Fuel Oil	364	498	397	342	179	157	172	229	237	263	236	229
Other Petroleum Products ¹	858	649	768	876	328	334	280	347	349	376	411	481
1993		0.10	700	6/0	753	756	811	840	789	814	789	842
Total Motor Gasoline	000	200 876 5	er sat læggræde e	er i Mer i vermanet and								
Reformulated	226	246	245	294	324	277	322					
Oxygenated	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0					
Other Finished	er and the second of the second	20	0	0	0	2	o o					
Blanding Components	204	216	198	253	308	249	292					
Jet Fuel	21	31	47	41	16	26	30					
Distillate Fuel OII	89	110	102	88	75	111	94					
0.05% Sulfur and under	182	224	235	209	153	168	130					
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	41	58	64	89	91	81	58					
lesidual Fuel OII	141	166	171	120	62	87	72					
Other Petroleum Products	383	325	352	377	308	299	337					
	793	870	894	819	940	715	1,000					
verage for Four-Week Period	Ending:					e proper e magne e periode de Porte de Pilo	sei a AA					*
993	08/06	08/13	08/20	08/27	09/03	09/10	00/4=					
otal Motor Gasoline	252	249	224	346	341		09/17	09/24	10/01	10/08		
Reformulated	0	0	0	0		333	337	257	258	239		
Oxygenated	0	, SÖ	×ŏ~	്ര്	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Other Finished	217	223	174	287		0	0	. 0	0	. 0		
Blending Components	35	26	51	-59	283	263	295	216	215	209		
ei huel	94	81	87		58	70	42	41	44	30		
Istiliate Fuel Oil	35 √	165	146	100	95	96	73	62	64	67		
0.05% Sulfur and under	55	61		167	147	141	146	152	157	154		
Gleater than 0.05% Sulfur	80	105	60	64	61	73	76	83	75	77		
esiqual Fuel Oli	415	448	86	103	- 86	68	71	69	82	77		
ther Petroleum Products	847	922	472	452	320	315	329	357	409	385		
Control of the Contro	2. 91 02. (4)	326	891	825	773	798	771	769	818	743		

Includes imports of kerosene, unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, and other oils, Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Figure 7. U.S. Imports of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, July 1992 to Present

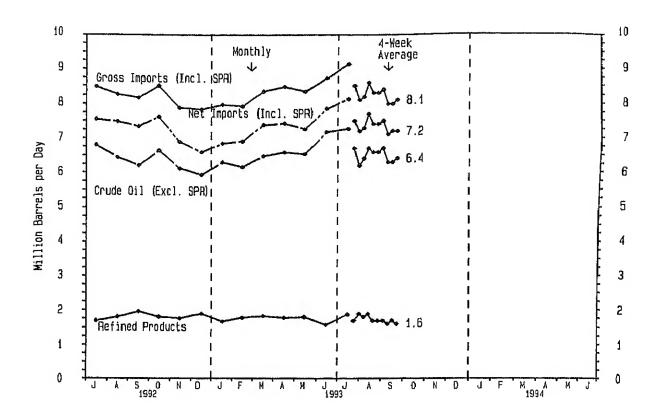


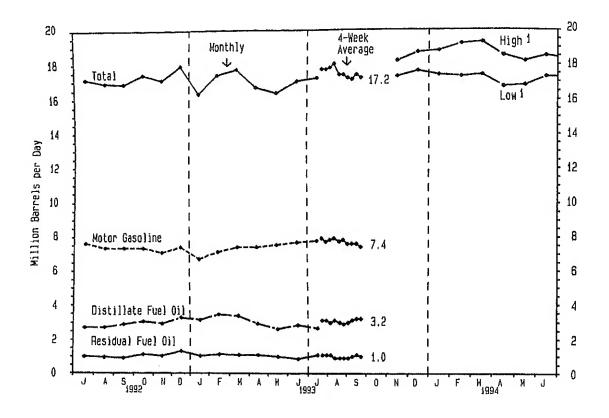
Table 8. U.S. Imports of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, 1992 to Present (Million Barrels per Day)

(Willion bai	iteis het r	ay)								
Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	_
92									<u> </u>	_
ude Oll (Excl. SPR)	6.0	5.1	5.3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6,8	6.4	6,2	
PR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
fined Products	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.0	1,8	1.8	1.7	1.8	2,0	
oss imports (incl. SPR)	7.7	6.8	7,1	8.1	7.8	7.9	8,5	8.3	8.2	
al Exports ¹	1.1	0,9	0,9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	
Imports (Incl. SPR)	6.6	6,0	6.2	7.2	6,9	7.0	7.6	7.5	7.3	
3										
de Oil (Excl. SPR)	6.3	6.2	6.5	6.6	6.5	7,2	7.3			
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,1	0.0	0.0	0,0			
ned Products	1.7	1,8	1,8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1,9			
s Imports (incl. SPR)	8,0	7.9	8,3	8.5	8.3	8.7	9.1			
Exports ¹	1.1	1.0	1,0	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.0			
nports (Incl. SPR)	6.8	6.9	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.8	8.1			
age for Four-Week Perlo	d Ending:									
	08/06	08/13	08/20	08/27	09/03	09/10	_ 09/17	09/24	10/01	
e Oll (Excl. SPR)	6,7	6,2	6,4	6.7	6.6	6,6	6.7	6.3	6.3	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
ed Products	1.7	1,9	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	
s Imports (Incl. SPR) Exports ¹	8.5 E _{0,9}	8.1	8.2	_8.6	_8.3	_8.3	8.4	_8.0	8.0	
Exports'		E0.9	e0.9	e.0 ²	² 0.9	^E 0.9	² 0.9	E0.9	^E 0.9	
nports (Incl. SPR)	7,5	7.2	7,3	7.7	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.1	7.2	

Includes exports of crude oil and refined petroleum products. Crude oil exports are restricted to (1) crude oil derived from fields Alaska's Cook Inlet, (2) certain domestically produced crude oil destined for Canada, and (3) shipments to U.S. territories. E=Estimate based on data published for the most recent month in the Petroleum Supply Monthly.
Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Source: See page 28.

Figure 8. U.S. Petroleum Products Supplied, July 1992 to Present



¹ Projected. See Appendix for explanation of assumptions used to derive values.

Table 9. U.S. Petroleum Products Supplied, 1992 to Present (Million Barrels per Day)

ear/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	De
992									200		1107	
nished Motor Gasoline	6,9	7.0	7.1	7,2	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.4		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
t Fuel	1,5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1,4	1.6	7.3 1.4	7.3 1.5	7,1 1,5	7.4 1.6
stillate Fuel Oil	3,2	3,2	3,2	3.0	2,8	2,7	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.1	2.9	3.0
sidual Fuel Oil	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.3
ner Olls	4,2	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4,4	4.4	4,3	4.3	4,5	4,5	4.4
al	17.0	16.9	16.8	16.8	16.5	17.0	17.1	16,9	16.9	17.4	17.1	17.9
93										,,,,		
shed Motor Gasoline ¹	6.7					000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Markatan kanada kana					
Fuel	1.5	7,1 1.5	7,4 1,5	7,4	7.5	7.7	7,8		ı			
illate Fuel O(I	3.1	3.5	3,4	1.4 2.9	1.4	1,5	1.5				+,1	
idual Fuel Oil	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.6 1.0	2,8	2.7	•				
er Olls	3.9	4.2	4.3	3.9	3.8	0,9 4,1	1.1				100	
al	16.3	17.4	17.7	16.7	16.3	17,0	17.2					
rage for Four-Week Peri	od Endina:				10.0	1710	1112				100	
93	08/06	08/13	08/20	08/27	09/03	09/10	00/47	00100				
shed Motor Gasoline ¹	7,9	7.7	7.8	7,9	7.7	7.8	09/17	09/24	10/01	10/08		
Fuel	1,5	1,5	1.7	1.6	1.6	1,6	7,6 1,5	7.6	7.6	7.4		
illete Fuel Oil	3.1	3,1	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.0	1.5	1.5	1.4		
idual Fuel Oil	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.9	0,9	0.9	3,1	3,2	3.2	Section 2	
et Offi	4.1	4,3	4.2	4,5	4.3	4.2	4.2	1,0 4,1	1,1	1.0		
(a) Wilder field production	17.7	17.7	17,8	18,0	17.4	17.4	17.2	17.1	4.1 17.4	4.2 17.2		

Middes field production of ethanol and an adjustment for motor gasoline blending components in 1993.

Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Source: See page 28.

Table 10. U.S. Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil, 1990 to Present

Year/Type	ırs per Barrel) Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1990 Domestic Imported Composite	20.75 20.51 20.64	20.75 19.78 20.31	19.32 18.94 19.14	17,37 16.66 17.05	16.45 16.07 16.27	15.06 15.15 15.11	15.86 16.54 16.19	22.96 24.26 23.55	30.14 29.88 30.03	33.32 32.88 33.14	30.75 30.19 30.52	26,48 25,56 26,09
1991 Domestic Imported Composite	23,25 22,30 22,85	19,55 18,30 19,03	18.12 17.58 17.89	18,56 18,32 18,46	18.98 18.36 18.70	18.16 17.78 17.98	18.91 18.14 18.57	19.10 18.71 18.92	19,31 19.00 19,17	20.39 19.86 20.16	20.01 19.35 19.72	17.84 17.17 17.56
1992 Domestic Imported Composite	16.75 16.10 16.47	16.49 16.00 16.28	16.81 16.36 16.62	17,88 17,37 17,66	18.86 18.79 18.83	20.13 19.83 19.99	20.42 19.74 20.10	19.84 19.25 19.56	19.88 19.26 19,59	19.64 19.34 19.49	18,90 18,40 18,66	17.85 16.94 17.43
1993 Domestic Imported Composite	17.40 16.78 17.10	17.84 17.41 17.64	18,31 17,82 18,08	18.49 18.35 18.42	18.43 17.89 18.16	17,70 16.80 17,26	P16.36 P15.80 P16.10					

P=Preliminary.

Table 11. U.S. Average Retail Selling Prices of Motor Gasoline and Residential Heating Oil, 1990 to Present (Cents per Gallon, Including Taxes)

Year/Product	r Gallon, II Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
TOURT TOURS												
1990								en e	**************************************			400 6
Motor Gasoline Leaded Regular ²	100.6	101.1	99,9	102.7	104.4	107.7	108.9	119.8 136.9	129.7 146.7	135,4 155,4	135.1 155.9	133.5 153.7
Unleaded Premlum	123.0	122,7	121.8	123.3	124.8 106.1	127.1 108.8	127.2 108.4	119.0	129.4	137.8	137.7	135.4
Unleaded Regular	104,2 109,0	103.7 108.6	102.3 107.6	104.4 109.6	111.4	114.0	113.9	124.6	134.7	143.1	143.2	141.0
All-Types Residential Heating Oll ¹	114.0	96.5	94.9	93.2	90.7	86.4	83.7	98.8	114.2	125.8	124.1	119.7
11001001111011110	ADMINISTRATION OF THE STREET											
1991												
Motor Gasoline	124.6	113.7	104.7	106.2	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA -	NA	NA NA
Leaded Regular ² Unleaded Premium	143.1	132.1	126.4	128.1	133.1	133.8	131.3	131.8	132.4	130.7 112.2	131.8 113,4	130.9 112.3
Unleaded Regular	124.7	114.3	108.2	110.4	115.6	118.0 121.4	112.7 118.5	114,0 119,6	114.3 119.9	118.0	119.3	118.2
All-Types	130.4 116.8	119.8 110.3	113.8 102.6	115.9 96.9	120.9 92,5	89.3	86.6	87.0	89.6	94,0	97.9	95.9
Residential Heating Oil ¹	110.0	110.0	YEV		557555500 <u>00</u> 00000	de de la constant de						
1992												
Motor Gasoline	····	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA 100 (
Leaded Regular ² Unleaded Premium	NA 126.7	124.8	125.0	126.8	131.7	135.9	136.3	134.8	134.6	134,5 115,4	135,1 115,9	133.0 113.6
Unleaded Regular	107.3	105,4	105.8	107.9	113.6	117,9 123,9	117.5 123.8	115.8 122.1	115.8 122.2	121.9	122.3	120,1
All-Types	113.5	111.7	112.2 93.0	114.3 92.5	119.7 92.3	92,2	90.4	88.6	90,1	93.8	94,9	94,6
Residential Heating Oil ¹	94.1	94,1	90.U	V4.V		entercontribute australian	den versen er er er er er					
1993				. •								
Motor Gasoline				000000000000000000000000000000000000000		NA	NA	NA				
Leaded Regular ²	NA 101.0	NA 130.1	NA 129.4	NA 130.4	NA 131.9	132.1	130.5	129.4		•		
Unleaded Premium Unleaded Regular	131.3 111.7	110.8	109.8	111,2	112.9	113.0	110.9	(09.7		1		
All-Types	118.2	117.2	116.3	117.5	119.3	119.4	117.4 85.5	116.3				
Residential Heating Oil	94.3	94.6	95.4	92.5	91.0	88,9	85.5	NA ·				

1 Residential heating oil prices do not include taxes.
2 The leaded regular motor gasoline price is no longer available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). A mid-grade unleaded motor gasoline price will be a leaded regular motor gasoline price in no longer available.

published when the BLS makes them available.

NA=Not Available.

P=Preliminary.

Source: See page 26.

Table 12. World Crude Oil Prices¹ (Dollars per Barrel)

	Type of Crude/API			·	In Eff	fect:			
Country	Gravily ²	8 Oct 93	1 Oct 93	1 Jan 93	1 Jan 92	1 Jan 91	1 Jan 90	1 Jan 89	1 Jan 78
OPEC							******	·	····
Saudi Arabia	Arabian Light 34°	15.50	15,05	16,80	15,90	24,00	18.40	13,15	12,70
Saudi Arabia	Arabian Medium 31°	14.10	13,55	15.40	14,25	22.00	17,55	12.30	
Saudi Arabia	Arabian Heavy 27°	13.10	12,45	14.40	14,45	20,00	17.15	11,90	12.32
Abu Dhabi	Murban 39°	16.80	15.59	18.15	16.80	24,65	19.05		12.02
Dubai	Faleh 32°	14.90	14.55	16,15	14.65	23,10	17.65	13.70	13,26
Qatar	Dukhan 40°	16,15	15.05	17.35	16.05	24.40		13.00	12.64
Iran	Iranian Light 34°	14.50	14,15	16.70	15.50	23.65	18.30	13.45	13.19
Iran	Iranian Heavy 31°	13,82	13,47	15.40	13,80		18,20	12,75	13.45
Iraq	Kirkuk Blend 36	NA	NA A			22.90	17,55	12.45	12,49
Kuwait	Kuwait Blend 31*	13.90		NA 45.00	NA NA	NA	19,45	14,40	13,17
Neutral Zone	Khalji 28°	12,50	13,45	15.30	NA	NA	17.35	12.30	12,22
Algeria	Saharan Blend 44°		12,05	13,80	14.45	20,00	17.05	11,90	12.03
Nigeria		17.30	17.15	18.60	18.80	28.85	21.15	16.10	14.10
Nigeria	Bonny Light 37°	17,20	17.10	18,50	18.20	27.80	21,20	15,05	15,12
Libya	Forcados 31°	17.30	17.15	17.95	18.10	27.30	21.35	15.95	13.70
Indonesia	Es Sider 37*	16.15	16;00	17,65	17.20	26,90	20,40	15.40	13,68
Venezuela	Minas 34°	16,25	16.50	19.10	18,65	26,50	18,55	15.50	13.55
Venezuela	Tia Juana Light 31°	15,22	16,97	17,97	19.67	28,62	24.69	12.27	13.54
Venezuela	Bachaquero 24°	13,61	13.62	14.88	13.94	27,89	16,87	11.45	12.39
Gabon	Bachaquero 17°	12,00	11,50	12,75	10.45	24,45	15.00	10.00	11,38
	Mandji 30°	14.75	14.40	15.60	14.55	23.25	19.05	14.00	12,59
Total OPEC ³	NA	15.06	14.69	16.55	15.88	24.18	18.72	13.36	13.03
Non-OPEC									
United Kingdom	Brent Blend 38*	16;90			vivi00000 nemo encono entre esc	on and has been shown as a constraint of	O		
Norway	Ekofisk Blend 42*		17.15	17,90	17.75	27.20	21,00	15.80	NA
Canada	Mixed Blend 30°	16,90	16.80	18.15	18.00	27.25	20.75	15.85	14.20
Canada	Lloydminster 22*	20.02	20.02	22,55	20.46	26.07	19.25	12,53	NA:
Mexico	Isthmus 33°	15.23	15,23	15,95	13.00	19.27	14.98	9.97	NA
Mexico	Maya 22°	15.64	15,46	17,25	15,80	24.80	19,90	14.53	13.10
Colombia	Cano Limon 30°	12.33	12,12	12.50	10.75	20.00	17.05	10.63	NA
Ecuador	Oriente 30°	15.91	15.78	16,58	15.73	24.95	20,15	15,20	NA .
Angola	Cabinda 32°	15.92	15.70	15.62	13.94	22.87	18.81	13.56	12.35
	······································	15.94	15.77	17.35	1000	ne ne	19.65	14,40	NA
Cameroon					(0,05	20,00			
	Kole 34°	15.94	15.77	17,35	16.65 16.65	25,35 25,85			
Egypi ⁴	Kole 34° Suez Blend 33°	15.94 13.85	15.77 13.65	17,35 14,75	16.65	25,85	20,15	14.90	NA
Egypi ⁴ Oman	Kole 34° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34°	15.94 13.85 15.50	15.77 13.65 15.15	17,35	16.65 15.20	25,85 24,25	20.15 16.75	14.90 12.75	NA 12.81:
Egypi ⁴ Oman Australia	Kole 34° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34° Gippsland 42°	15.94 13.85 15.50 16.55	15.77 13.65	17,35 14,75 16,65	16.65 15,20 15,20	25.85 24.25 23.65	20,15 16,75 18.05	14.90 12.75 13.40	NA 12.81 13.06
Egypt ⁴ Oman Australia Malaysia	Kole 34° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34° Gippsland 42° Tapis Blend 44°	15.94 13.85 15.50	15.77 13.65 15.15	17,35 14,75	16.65 15,20 15,20 21,35 22,95	25.85 24.25 23.65 26.75	20,15 16,75 18,05 19,65	14.90 12.75 13.40 16.00	NA 12.81 13.06 NA
Egypi ⁴ Oman Australia Malaysia Brunel	Kole 34° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34° Gippsland 42° Tapls Blend 44° Seria Light 37°	15.94 13.85 15.50 16.55	15.77 13.65 15.15 16.75 19.70	17.35 14.75 16.65 18.60 21.45	16.65 15,20 15,20 21,35 22,95	25,85 24,25 23,65 26,75 36,50	20.15 16.75 18.05 19.65 19.20	14.90 12.75 13.40 16.00 12.40	NA 12.81 13.06 NA 14.30
Egypt ⁴ Oman Australia Malaysia Brunel J.S.S.R. ⁵	Kole 34° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34° Gippsland 42° Tapls Blend 44° Seria Light 37° Export Blend 32°	15,94 13,85 15,50 16,55 18,95 18,85 15,50	15.77 13.65 15.15 16.75 19.70 18.85 15.65	17.35 14.75 16.65 18.60 21.45 21.30	16.65 15.20 15.20 21.35 22.95 22.85	25.85 24.25 23.65 26.75 36.50 36.40	20.15 16.75 18.05 19.65 19.20 19.20	14.90 12.75 13.40 16.00 12.40 13.75	NA 12,81 13,06 NA 14,30 14,15
Egypt ⁴ Oman Australia Malaysia Brunel J.S.S.R. ⁵	Kole 34° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34° Gippsland 42° Tapls Blend 44° Seria Light 37°	15,94 13,85 15,50 16,55 18,95 18,85	15.77 13.65 15.15 16.75 19.70 18.85	17.35 14.75 16.65 18.60 21.45	16.65 15.20 15.20 21.35 22.95 22.85 16.55	25,85 24,25 23,65 26,75 36,50 36,40 26,05	20.15 16.75 18.05 19.65 19.20 19.20 20.25	14.90 12.75 13.40 16.00 12.40 13.75 14.55	NA 12.81 13.06 NA 14.30 14.15 13.20
Egypi ¹ Oman Australia Malaysia Brunel J.S.S.R. ⁵ Dhina	Kole 34° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34° Gippsland 42° Tapls Blend 44° Seria Light 37° Export Blend 32°	15.94 13.85 15.50 16.55 18.95 18.85 15.50 16.10	15.77 13.65 15.15 16.75 19.70 18.85 15.65 16.20	17,35 14,75 16,65 18,60 21,45 21,30 16,30 19,00	16.65 15.20 15.20 21.35 22.95 22.85 16.55 18.50	25.85 24.25 23.65 26.75 36.50 36.40 26.05 26.10	20.15 16.75 18.05 19.65 19.20 19.20 20.25 18.15	14.90 12.75 13.40 16.00 12.40 13.75 14.55	NA 12.81 13.06 NA 14.30 14.15 13.20 13.73
Egypi ⁴ Oman Australia Malaysia Brunel J.S.S.R. ⁵ China Colal Non-OPEC ³	Kole 34* Suez Blend 33* Oman 34* Gippsland 42* Tapls Blend 44* Seria Light 37* Export Blend 32* Dading 33*	15,94 13,85 15,50 16,55 18,95 18,85 15,50	15.77 13.65 15.15 16.75 19.70 18.85 15.65	17.35 14.75 16.65 18.60 21.45 21.30 16.30	16.65 15.20 15.20 21.35 22.95 22.85 16.55	25,85 24,25 23,65 26,75 36,50 36,40 26,05	20.15 16.75 18.05 19.65 19.20 19.20 20.25	14.90 12.75 13.40 16.00 12.40 13.75 14.55	NA 12.81 13.06 NA 14.30 14.15 13.20
Cameroon Egypt ⁴ Oman Australia Malaysia Brunel J.S.S.R. ⁵ China Total Non-OPEC ³ Otal World ³	Kole 34° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34° Gippsland 42° Tapls Blend 44° Seria Light 37° Export Blend 32° Daqing 33°	15.94 13.85 15.50 16.55 18.95 18.85 15.50 16.10	15.77 13.65 15.15 16.75 19.70 18.85 15.65 16.20	17,35 14,75 16,65 18,60 21,45 21,30 16,30 19,00	16.65 15.20 15.20 21.35 22.95 22.85 16.55 18.50	25.85 24.25 23.65 26.75 36.50 36.40 26.05 26.10	20.15 16.75 18.05 19.65 19.20 19.20 20.25 18.15	14.90 12.75 13.40 16.00 12.40 13.75 14.55 15.30	NA 12.81 13.06 NA 14.30 14.15 13.20 13.73
Egypi ¹ Oman Australla Malaysia Brunel J.S.S.R. ⁵ China Cotal Non-OPEC ³	Kole 34* Suez Blend 33* Oman 34* Gippsland 42* Tapls Blend 44* Seria Light 37* Export Blend 32* Dading 33*	15.94 13.85 15.50 16.65 18.95 18.85 15.50 16.10	15,77 13,65 15,15 16,75 19,70 18,85 15,65 16,20	17,35 14,75 16,65 18,60 21,45 21,30 16,30 19,00	16.65 15.20 15.20 21.35 22.95 22.85 16.55 18.50	25.85 24.25 23.65 26.75 36.50 36.40 26.05 26.10	20.15 16.75 18.05 19.65 19.20 19.20 20.25 18.15	14.90 12.75 13.40 16.00 12.40 13.75 14.55	NA 12.81 13.06 NA 14.30 14.15 13.20 13.73

Estimated contract prices based on government-selling prices, netback values, or spot market quotations. All prices are f.o.b. at the foreign port of lading except where noted; 30 day payment plan except where noted. See Appendix A for procedure used for calculation of world oil prices.

An arbitrary scale expressing the gravity or density of liquid petroleum products.

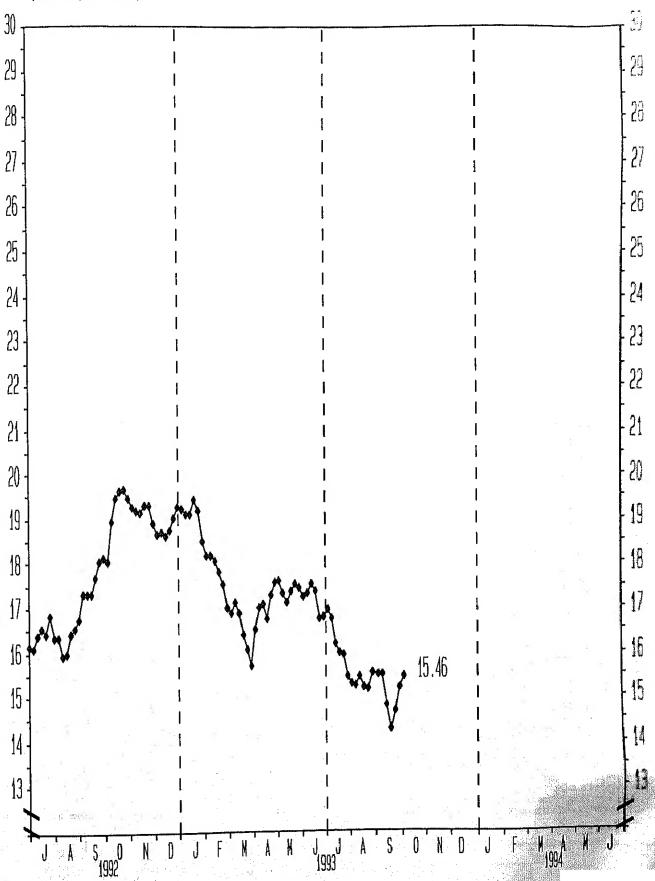
Average prices (f.o.b.) weighted by estimated export volume.

(CIF) to Mediterranean destinations; also called Urals.

9e prices (f.o.b.) weighted by estimated import volume.

(See page 28.

Figure 9. World Crude Oil Price¹ (Dollars per Barrel)



Average price (f.o.b.) of internationally traded oil only, weighted by estimated export volume. Source: See page 28.

Week Ending 10/08/93 Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration

Spot Market Product Prices¹, Rotterdam and New York (Dollars per Barrel)

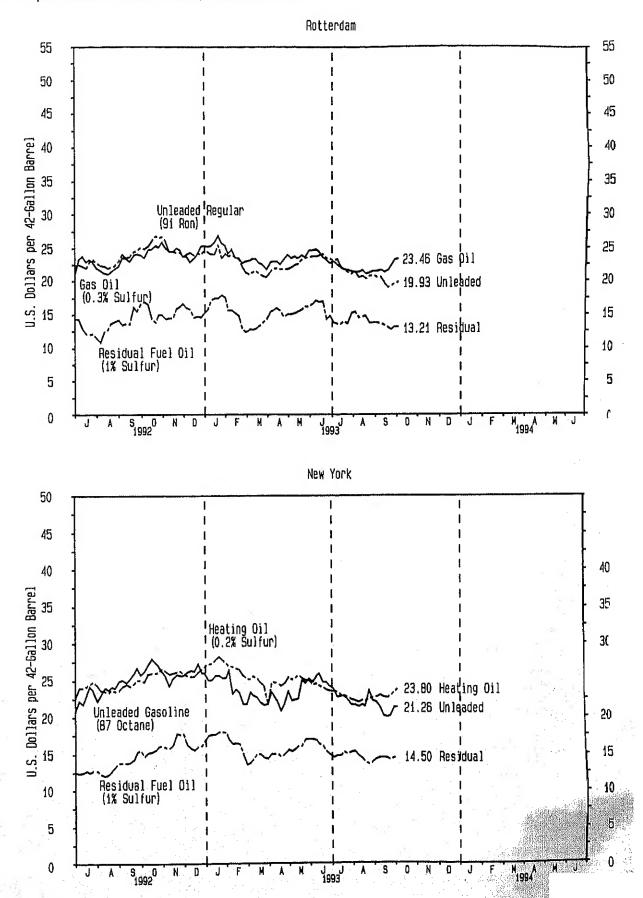
		Gasoline	Gas Oil/He	ating Oil ²	Residua	l Fuel Oil ³
Year/Month/Day	Rotterdam Unleaded Regular ⁵ (91 RON)	N.Y. ⁴ Unleaded Regular	Rotterdam	N.Y. ⁴	Rotterdam	N.Y. ⁶
		(87 Octane)	(0.3% Sulfur)	(0.2% Sulfur)	(1% Sulfur)	(1% Sulfur)
1992 Oct 9 Oct 16	24.09 25,44	25,67	25.87	27.71	17.42	17.60
Oct 23	23.56	25.64 25.31	26,88 25,80	28.23	17.42	18.00
Oct 30	24,15	25,43	25.80 25.34	27.73 27.29	18.02	18.00
Nov 6	23.86	26,44	24.26	26.93	17.57	17.90
Nov 13	23.97	23.21	24.80	26.81	15,69 15,62	17.00
Nov 20	23.68	23.78	23.59	26.60	15.32	16,35 16.50
Nov 27	23.45	23,29	23.59	26.44	14.94	16.40
Dec 4	22.27	21.71	22.79	25,59	12,76	15.00
Dec 11	21.34	21,74	23,06	25.12	12,46	13,50
Dec 18 Dec 25	21.10	23.40	23.19	25.17	12.76	13.75
1993 Јал 1	21.34	22,91	23,46	25,54	12,76	14,25
Jan 8	21.57 21.22	22,65	23.46	25.26	12.91	15.00
Jan 15	20.87	21.95	22,79	24.66	13,36	15,00
Jan 22	20.75	21,60 21,81	22.52	24.18	13.81	14.50
Jan 29	21.45	23.45	21.92 22.92	21.64	14.41	14,35
Feb 5	21.92	22.97	22.92 22.99	24,44	15.47	15.00
Feb 12	22.04	22,14	23.06	24.75 24.54	15,62	15.00
Feb 19	21.81	20.78	22.65	24,24	16.07	15.00
Feb 26	21.92	21.84	23.46	24.53	15.62 14.71	14.60
Mar 5	21.92	23.48	24.13	25.39	15.17	15.00 15.50
Mar 12	22.16	22.24	23.59	25.03	15.17	15.35
Mar 19 Mar 26	22.51	22,39	23.86	25,30	15.24	15.65
Apr 2	22.63	22.51	23.59	25.59	15.47	16,00
Apr 9	23,33 23,56	24.97	23.99	25,26	15.77	16,00
Apr 9 Apr 16	23.68	24.56	23.73	25.00	16.37	16,90
Apr 23	23.80	25,12 24,76	24.66	24,99	16.37	17.00
Apr 30	23,80	25,52	24.66 24.80	24.32	16.67	17.00
May 7 May 14	23.92	25.87	24,53	24,47	17.27	16.85
May 14	24,15	24.69	23.73	24,23 23,96	16.97	16.35
May 21	23.56	24.65	23,26	23.67	17.12 14.41	16.00
May 28	23.45	24.14	22.79	23.48	14.86	15.25
Jun 4	23.21	23.71	23.06	23.43	13.81	14.85
Jun 11	23.45	22.73	22.52	23.36	13.66	14.50 14.65
Jun 18	22.27	22.79	22.12	22.98	13.66	14.75
Jun 25 Jul 2	21.86	22.85	21.85	22.84	13.96	15.15
Jul 9	21.45	22.40	21.72	22.66	13.66	15.00
Jul 16	21.22 21.57	21,64	21,58	22.40	15,32	15,15
Jul 23	20.75	21.67	21.45	22.18	15.47	15.25
Jul 30	20.87	21,47 21.60	21,45	22.04	14.56	14,75
Aug 6	20.40	21.42	21.72	22.20	14.71	14.25
Aug 13	20.87	23.59	21.18	22.09	14.86	13.85
Aug 20	20.98	22.22	21.31 21.65	22.47	13.81	13.50
Aug 27	20.75	22.05	21,55 21,58	22.55	13,81	13,75
Sep 3	20,75	21.28	21.72	22.69	13.81	14.25
Sep 10	19.81	20.06	21.45	22.93 22.68	13.66	14.50
Sep 17	19.17	19.98	21.72	22.63	13.51	14,50
Sep 24	19.46	20.07	22.45	22.78	13.06 12.76	14.35
Oct 1	19.70	21.24	23.32	23.34	13.21	14.15
Oct 8	19.93	21.26	23.46	23.80	13.21	14.35 14.50

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See Appendix A for explanation of spot market product prices and coverage.
Refers to No. 2 Heating Oil.
Refers to No. 6 Oil.
New York Harbor Reseller Barge Prices.
Refers to Research Octane Number (RON) only. European unleaded regular motor gasoline of 91 RON is approximately equivalent to a U.S. antiknock index 87 octane, East Coast Cargoes. Source: See page 28.

Figure 10. Spot Market Product Prices, Rotterdam and New York



Source: See page 28.

MAT.

Week Ending 10/08/93 Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration

Table 14. U.S. and PADD Weekly Estimates, Most Recent 5 Weeks (Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

	09/10/93	09/17/93	09/24/93	10/01/93	10/08/
Crude OII Production Pomestic Production	^E 6,665	^E 6,706	E _{6,650}	E _{6,684}	^E 6,6
Refinery Inputs and Utilization	w english and a second			- 	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Orude Oll Inputs	13,837	13,902	13,873 1,446	13,956 1,473	13,8 1,4
East Coast (PADD I)	1,402 3,207	1,424 3,253	3,222	3,114	3,1
Midwest (PADD II)	6,167	6,147	6,076	6,215	6,2
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	480	485	488	485 2.660	4 25
West Coast (PADD V)	2,581	2,593 14,051	2,641 14,068	2,669 14,115	2,5 14,0
iross Inputs	14,005 1,377	1,404	1,426	1,466	1,4
East Coast (PADD I) Midwest (PADD II)	3,265	3,288	3,289	3,171	3,2
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	6,235 482	6,231 487	6,160 491	6,295 486	6,2 2
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	462 2,646	2,641	2,702	2,697	2,6
West Coast (PADD V) Deerable Capacity (Million Barrels per Day)	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	1
Percent Utilization	92.3	92.6	92.7 15.0	92.8 15.1	9
Operating Capacity (Million Barrels per Day)	15.0 93,3	15.0 93.6	93.8	93.7	9
Percent Utilization	00.0	*5			
Production by Product	7,510	7,596	7,834	7,344	7,2
Finished Molor Gasoline East Coast (PADD I)	688	804	799	779	
Midwest (PADD II)	1,862	1,846	1,924	1,795	1,7 3,2
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	3,413 258	3,433 225	3,475 277	3,254 237	ر. ر
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) West Coast (PADD V)	1,288	1,287	1,358	1,279	1,2
Reformulated	0	0	0	0	
East Coast (PADD I)	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	0	0	0	0	
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0	<u>o</u>	Ŏ	o O	
West Coast (PADD V)	0 1,355	0 1,636	0 1,764	0 1,745	1,1
Oxygenated East Coast (PADD I)	1,355 80	250	335	290	
Midwest (PADD II)	587	588	579	583	
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	305	402 15	387 15	341 12	
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) West Coast (PADD V)	15 368	381	448	518	
Olher Finished	6,165	5,960	6,070	5,599	5,
East Coast (PADD I)	608	554 1,258	464 1,345	489 1,212	1,
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	1,275 3,108	3,031	3,088	2,913	2,
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	243	210	262	225	
West Coast (PADD V)	920	906	910 1,437	761 1,409	1,
et Fuel Naphtha-Type	1,396 100	1,386 82	74	70	
Kerosene-Type	1,296	1,304	1,363	1,339	1,
East Coast (PADD I)	69	68	86 207	88 204	
Midwest (PADD II)	210 624	208 607	207 661	675	46604000000000000000000000000000000000
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	21	23	21	19	
West Coast (PADD V)	372	398	388	353 1,200	1,
Commercial	1,161	1,194 61	1,230 78	1,200 80	(
East Coast (PADD I) Midwest (PADD II)	61 207	204	203	200	
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	572	557	615	599	
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	21	23 349	21 313	19 302	
West Coast (PADD V) Military	300 135	349 110	133	139	
East Coast (PADD I)	8	7	8	8	00.000000000000000
Midwest (PADDII)	3	4	4	4 76	
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	52 0	50 0	46 0	76 0	
West Coast (PADD V)	72	49	75	51	en e y po escribenció (s. e)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. U.S. and PADD Weekly Estimates, Most Recent 5 Weeks (continued)
(Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

	09/10/93	09/17/93	09/24/93	10/01/93	10/08/9
oduction by Product			The second second second	P45000S Yourseasses	ana emane 516 A SE A s
stillate Fuel Oil	3,293	3,205	3,347	3,287	3,45 50
East Coast (PADD I)	474 774	441 8 2 1	465 818	481 769	80
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	1,406	1,299	1,370	1,410	1,54
Bocky Mountain (PADD IV)	192	168	187	168	14 46
West Coast (PADD V)	447	476 1,3 6 5	507 1,553	459 1,556	1,78
0.05% Sulfur and under East Coast (PADD I)	1,523 161	132	215	164	17
Midwest (PADD II)	341	27.7	327	366	39
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	661	663	664 108	680 84	78 5
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) West Coast (PADD V)	91 269	82 211	239	262	32
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	1,770	1,840	1,794	1,731	1,70
East Coast (PADD I)	313	309	250 401	317	33 41
Midwest (PADD III)	433 745	544 636	491 706	403 730	78
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	745 101	86	79	84	(
West Coast (PADD V)	178	265	268	197	16 14-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-
sidua) Fuel Oll	719	837	749 102	761 124	70 11
East Coast (PADD I)	103 57	134 70	57	64	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Midwest (PADD II) Guif Coast (PADD III)	306	322	353	312	3(
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	6	5	6	. 6 	2:
West Coast (PADD V)	247	306	231	256	۵,
ocks (Million Barrels)			330.1	327.7	331
ude Oil	339.9	339.7 16.7	330.1 15.9	3 <i>21.1</i> 14.2	16
East Coast (PADD I) Midwest (PADD II)	14.4 77.2	76.1	75.2	76.0	7.
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	170,2	168.1	163.9	163.4	16
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	11,2	11.1	11.1 64.0	11,2 62,9	1 6
West Coast (PADD V)	66.9 584.1	67.7 585.2	585. 5	585,6	58
PR tal Motor Gasoline	201.3	204.4	208.0	208.2	20
East Coast (PADD I)	5 6. 9	57.7	57.0	58,9	5
New England (PADD IX)	5.0	4.4	5.3 29.0	5.1 30.6	2
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	30.8 21.1	30.7 22.7	23.7	23,2	2
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ) Midwest (PADD II)	52,3	53.4	55.0	54.5	5
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	60.6	61.2	63.9	62.0	6
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	4,9	4.8 27.2	4.7 27.4	4,9 28.0	2
West Coast (PADD V)	26.5 164.7	166.5	170.1	17(3	17
ilshed Motor Gasoline Reformulated	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	anana ara menana arawa 140
East Coast (PADD I)	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Midwest (PADD II)	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	7.858.909
Guif Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0,0	0.0	0.0	0,0	Objective of the second of the
West Coast (PADD V)	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Oxygenated	8.6	12.2	15.9	18.5 8.8	2
East Coast (PADD I)	2,4 0.8	5,1 0.8	7.1 1.0	0.9	9.Vennanaera
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	3.1	3.0	4.0	4.5	94/3/4/9
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0,1	0.1	0,1	0.1	ereseven korkssögs stötti
West Coast (PADD V)	2.3	3.3	3.7	4.2	1
Other Finished	156.1 48,6	154.3 47.0	154.2 44.7	152.8 45.0	
East Coast (PADD I) Midwest (PADD II)	43.6	44.1	45.5	45.2	
Guif Coast (PADD III)	42.4	42.7	43,6	42.5	
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	3.7	3,4	3.5	3.5	
West Coast (PADD V)	17.8	17,1 37,8	16.9 37.9	16.5 37.0	
ending Components	36.6	07.0	07.0		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. U.S. and PADD Weekly Estimates, Most Recent 5 Weeks (continued)
(Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

THOUSAND BAITEIS PER DAY EXCE	09/10/93	09/17/93	09/24/93	10/01/93	10/08/93
Stocks (Million Barrels)					
Jet Fuel	42,7	41.9	42.3	41.6	42,0
Naphtha-Type Kerosene-Type	3.3 39.4	3.5 38.4	3.2 39.1	2.7 38.9	2.9 39.0
East Coast (PADD !)	10.5	9.8	9,5	9.2	9,3
Midwest (PADD II)	7.5	7.2	8.1	7.6	7.2
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	13,8 0,5	14.0 0.4	14.1 0.4	14.0 0,5	14.9 0.6
West Coast (PADD V)	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.5	7.0
Distillate Fuel Oil	130.7	131.3	131.5	131,1	132,9
East Coast (PADD I) New England (PADD IX)	63.2 11.8	63.9 12.6	65.1 12.4	66.9 14.6	67.6 14.6
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	39.5	39.6	40.9	40.9	41.8
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	11.8	11.6	11.8	11.5	11.2
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD JII)	27.7 27.6	27.4 27.2	27.8 26.5	27.5 26.1	27,0 27,3
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.3
West Coast (PADD V)	9.8	10.2	9,6	8.2	8.7
0.05% Sulfur and under East Coast (PADDI)	50,6 19,7	53.4 21.5	56.6 23,9	55.4 24.5	53.6 22.2
New England (PADD IX)	3.1	3.1	3.4	4.0	5.4
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	11.8	13.1	15.3	15.0	11.6
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ) Midwest (PADD II)	4.8 12.0	5.3 13.3	5.2 13.2	5.5 13.7	5.2 12.8
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	11.9	11.7	12.7	11.8	12.4
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	1.1	1,2	1.2	1.0	1,1
West Coast (PADD V) Greater than 0:05% Sulfur	6.0 80.1	5.7 77.9	5.5 74.9	4.4 75.7	5.0 79.4
East Coast (PADD I)	43.5	42,4	41.2	42.4	45.4
New England (PADD IX)	8.7	9,5	9.0	10.6	9.2
Central Atlantic (PADD IY) Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	27.8 7.0	26.5 6,3	25.5 6.6	25.9 6,0	30.2 6.0
Midwest (PADD II)	15.7	0,3 14.1	14.6	13.8	14.2
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	15.8	15.5	13.8	14,3	14,9
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	1.4 3.7	1.4	1.3 4.1	1.3 3.8	1.2
West Coast (PADD V) Residual Fuel Oil	3.7 43.1	4.5 42.5	4. t 42.8	3.8 41.2	3.7 42.7
East Coast (PADD I)	15.2	16,0	15.9	15,1	15.2
New England (PADD IX)	1.2	1,4	1.4	1.5	1.6
Central Atlantic (PADD IY) Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	11.2 2.8	11,9 2.6	11.3 3.2	11,3 2.3	11.6 2.0
Midwest (PADD İI)	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.7
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	15.6	14.5	15.5	15.3	16.1
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) West Coast (PADD V)	0.3 8.9	0,3 8.5	0.4 8.1	0.4 7.7	0.4 8.2
Unfinished Olis	106.0	104.0	101.8	102.4	101.8
Other Oils	219.1	218.8	218.4	223,4	220.7
Total Stocks Excl SPR Total Stocks Incl SPR	1,082.8 1,666.9	1,082.5 1,667.7	1,074.9 1,660.5	1,075.6 1,661.2	1,081.1 1,666.8
	1,000.0	1,407.7	1,000,0	1,001.2	1,000.0
Imports Total Crude Oil Incl SPR	6,186	6,469	6,429	6,264	6,763
Crude Oil Excl SPR	6,186	6,324	6,429	6,264	6,763
East Coast (PADDI)	1,105	1,657	1,569	1,074	1,437
Midwest (PADD II) Guil Coast (PADD III)	730 4,074	791 3,621	730 3,593	1,021	824 8008
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	4,07 4 76	3,021 77	3,593 140	4,005 82	4,008 62
West Coast (PADD V)	201	278	397	82	432
SPR	0	145	0	0	0
Total Motor Gasoline Reformulated	169 0	262 0	259 0	343 0	.92 0
Oxygenated	Ö	ŏ	Ö	o o	0
Other Finished	116	213	230	300	92
Blending Components	53	49	29	43	.0

. See footnotes at end of table.

U.S. and PADD Weekly Estimates, Most Recent 5 Weeks (continued) (Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

	09/10/93	09/17/93	09/24/93	10/01/93	10/08/93
mports				***************************************	
Jet Fuel	64	72 87	62 0	57 0	76 0
Naphtha-Type	37 27	27 45	62	57	76
Kerosene-Type Distiliate Fuel Oli	192	129	167	141	180
0.05% Sulfur and under	112	72	78	38	121
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	80	57	89	103	59 270
Residual Fuel Oll	369	373 566	401 813	494 84 0	754
Other Total Refined Products Imports	1,054 1,848	1,402	1,702	1,875	1,372
Gross Imports (Incl SPR)	8,034	7,871	8,131	8,139	8,135
Vet Imports (Incl SPR)	7,149	6,986	7,246	7,225	7,277
Exports			E ₈₈₅	^E 914	E ₈₅₈
Total	^E 885 ^E 107	^E 885 ^E 107	E107	E107	E100
Crude Oil Products	5778	E778	E778	E807	E758
Products Supplied					
Finished Motor Gasoline	7,889	7,478	7,485	7,387 1,523	7,276 1,348
Jet Fuel	1,474 140	1,525 62	1,399 104	122	34
Naphtha-Type Kerosene-Type	1,334	1,463	1,295	1,401	1,314
Distillate Fuel Oil	2,836	3,103	3,341	3,325	3,227
Residual Fuel Oil	1,016	1,097	903	1,290	627 4,592
Other Olls	4,438	4,089	4,154 17,282	3,801 17,326	4,592 17,069
Total Products Supplied	17,653	17,292	17,202	111000	11,000

E=Estimate based on data published for the most recent month in the Petroleum Supply Monthly except for exports and grude oil production. See Appendix for explanation of estimates of exports and crude oil production.

Note: Due to independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total.

Source: See page 28.

Table 15. Weather Summary, Selected U.S. Cities (Population Weighted Heating Degree-Days¹)

Weather data reported in the Weekly Petroleum Status Report are taken directly from a computerized system implemented by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Department of Commerce. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)/NWS, as a U.S. Government Agency, does not endorse any consumer information services.

The weather for the Nation, as measured by population-weighted heating degree-days from July 1, 1993, through October 9, 1993 has been 10 percent warmer than last year and 38 percent cooler than normal.

U.S. Total Heating Degree-Days (Population Weighted) and by City

				Percent Change		
	1993	1992- 1993	Normal	1993 vs. 1992-1993	1993 vs. Normal	
ly 1 - June 30		4,663	4,689	••		
ly 1 - October 9	177	197	128	-10	38	
es	27	35	58	****	****	
buquerque narillo	83	57	63	***	****	
sheville	101	133	127	-24	-20	
anta	11	52	31	***	***	
llings	538	412	406	31	33	
lse	262	241	273	9	-4	
sion fole	160	247	142	-35	13	
ffalo ovenne	332 556	321 434	242 452	3 28	37 23	
eyenne cago	556 293	434 250	452 182	20 17	61	
cago cinnati	171	182	114	-6	50	
veland	227	238	192	-5	18	
umble, SC	26	53	26	****	****	
ver	253	188	235	35	8	
Molnes	271	192	153	41	77	
rolt	241	287	210	-16	15	
IO fark	528	498	435	6	21	
ford sion	232 0	281	182 0	-17 ****	27 ****	
sonville	0	1	0	***	***	
sas City	161	122	111	32	45	
Vegas	0	0	3	***	****	
Angeles	0	0	30	****	***	
mphis	24	26	30	***	***	
mi Jankan	0	0	0	****	****	
aukee	246 45 7	283	258	-13	-5	
reapolls Igomery	457 4	341 16	303 13	34 ****	51 ****	
i York	89 89	110	73	****	****	
homa City	50	32	32	****	***	
ha	241	179	171	35	41	
delphia	67	109	83	***	***	
enix ************************************	0	0	0	****	***	
urgh	202	234	199	-14	2	
and, ME Idence	339 176	425 222	354 173	-20 -21	-4 2	
gh aerice	50	90	173 39	-21 ****	2 ****	
nond	58	109	65	***	***	
ouis	89	73	62	***	****	
m, OR	218	224	305	-3	-29	
Lake City	151	143	182	6	-17	
Francisco	148	107	266	38	-44	
llé. Véport	336	271	362	24	7	
vepon Niglon, DC	6 73	15 104	5 45	**** ****	****	

See Glossary.

Normal heating degree-days 100 or less, or ratio incalculable.

Table 16. U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, Week Ending 10/08/93

Petroleum Supply	* *	eek iding		Cumu Daily Av 280 D	erages	
(Thousand Barrels per Day)	10/08/93	10/01/93	Difference	1993	1992	Difference
Crude Oil Supply	E0 074	E _{6,684}	-30	E6,831	7,198	-367
(1) Domestic Production ¹	E6,654		-30 506	6,517	5,960	557
(2) Net Imports (Including SPR) ²	6,663	6,157	499	6,613	6,034	579
(3) Gross imports (Excluding SPR)	6,763	6,264	0	19	9	10
(4) SPR Imports	0 ^E 100	0 ^E 107	-7	E115	83	32
(5) Exports			1	-40	-12	-28
(6) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	-10	-11	-959	-49	1	-50
(7) Other Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	-608 E-9	351 E ₋₉	-959	Ē-9	-14	5
(8) Product Supplied and Losses(9) Unaccounted-for Crude Oll ³	1,204	-9 784	420	376	273	103
(10) Crude Oll Input to Refineries	13,894	13,956	-62	13,625	13,406	219
		,				
Other Supply	E4 007	E1_837	0	^E 1 _J 852	1,684	168
(11) Natural Gas Liquids Production ⁶	^E 1,837 ^E 108	108	ŏ	146	111	35
(12) Other Liquids New Supply	1 E 9	129	Ö	Ég	13	-4
(13) Crude Oil Product Supplied	E ₇₈₆	E ₇₉₀	-4	^E 767	771	-4
(14) Processing Gain			-454	872	965	-93
(15) Net Product Imports ⁴	614	1,068	-503	1,746	1,800	-54
(16) Gross Product Imports ⁴	1,372	1,875		E874	834	40
(17) Product Exports ⁴	E758	E807	-49	-203	-59	-144
(18) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) ⁵	-179	-442	263	-203	-59	-144
(19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use	17,069	17,326	-257	17,067	16,892	175
Products Supplied						
(20) Finished Motor Gasoline ⁶	7,276	7,387	-111	7,442	7,265	177
21) Naphtha-Type Jet Fuel	34	122	-88	119	146	-27
22) Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel	1,314	1,401	-87	1,357	1,288	69
23) Distillate Fuel Oil	3,227	3,325	-98	3,030	2,941	89
(24) Residual Fuel Oil	627	1,290	-663	1,010	1,075	-65
25) Other Olls ⁷	4,592	3,801	791	4,108	4,179	-71
26) Total Products Supplied	17,069	17,326	-257	17,067	16,892	175
Total Net Imports	7,277	7,225	52	7,389	6,925	464
Petroleum Stocks	10/08/93	10/01/93	10/08/92	Previo	Difference F us Week	rom Year /
(Million Barrels)	331.9	327,7	324.5		4.2	7.4
Crude Oil (Excluding SPR)8	209.1	208.2	205.9		0.9	3.2
Total Motor Gasoline	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	
Reformulated	22.4	18.5	0.0		3.9	
Oxygenated	149.1	152.8	0.0		3.7	~-
Other Finished	37.6	37,0	37.9		0.6	-0.3
Blending Components	2,9	2.7	4.9		0.2	-2.0
Naphtha-Type Jet Fuel	39.0	38.9	42.8		0,1	-3.8
Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel	132.9	131.1	129.8		1.8	3.1
Distillate Fuel OI!	53.6	55.4	0.0		1.8	**
0.05% Sulfur and under	79.4	75.7	0.0		3.7	
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	42.7	41.2	46.8		1.5	-4.1
Residual Fuel Oil	101.8	102.4	101.9		0.6	-0.1
UnfinIshed Oils Other Oils ⁹	E220.7	E223.4	208.2		2.7	12.5
	1 001 1	1,075,6	1,064.8		5.5	16.3
Total Stocks (Excluding SPR)	1,081.1 585.7	585.6	571.9		0.1	13.8
Crude Oll In SPR	1,666.8	1,661.2	1,636.7		5.6	30.1
Total Stocks (including SPR)	1,000.0	1100112	1 1000.7		······	

Includes lease condensate.

Net Imports = Gross Imports (line 3) + Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) Imports (line 4) - Exports (line 5).

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil is a balancing item. See Glossary for further explanation.

Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids.

Includes an estimate of minor product stock change based on monthly data.

Includes field production of eithanol and an adjustment for motor gasoline blending components in 1993.

Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gases (LRGs), other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except mot gasoline, let fuels, and distillate and residual fuel oils.

Includes domestic and Customs-cleared foreign crude oil in transit to refineries.

Included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids and LRGs, other hydrocarbons and alcohol, aviation gasoline components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, waxes, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous for the current 2 weeks, stocks of these minor products are estimated from monthly data. (See Glossary: Stock change (Refined Production).

E=Estimate based on data published for the most recent month in the Petroleum Supply Monthly, except for exports and crude oil production. See App for explanation of estimates of exports and crude oil production.

Note: Due to independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total.

Sources: See page 28.

Sources: See page 28,

SOURCES

Table 1

- Current Year Data: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802, -803, and -804; EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly; and EIA, Office of Oil and Gas.
- Previous Year Data: Estimates based on EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.

Table 2

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, except for operable capacity for January 1993 which is from the Petroleum Supply Annual, 1992.
- Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Form EIA-800.

Figure 1

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, except for operable capacity for January 1993 which is from the Petroleum Supply Annual, 1992.
- Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Form BIA-800.

Table 3

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802, and -803.

e 2

Data for Ranges and Seasonal Patterns: 1986-1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802 and -803.

Table 4

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802.

ligure 3

- Data for Ranges and Seasonal Patterns: 1986-1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Weck-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802.

able 5

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802,

Figure 4

- Data for Ranges and Seasonal Patterns: 1986-1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, Retroleum Supply Monthly.
- Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802.

Table 6

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802.

Figure 5

- Data for Ranges and Seasonal Patterns: 1986-1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802.

Figure 6 and Table 7

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Form EIA-804.

Figure 7 and Table 8

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Form EIA-804.

Figure 8 and Table 9

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802, -803, and -804.
- Projections: EIA, Office of Energy Markets and End Use (August 1993).

Table 10

 Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil: Form EIA-14, Refiners Monthly Cost Report.

Table 11

- Motor Gasoline Bureau of Labor Statistics. See glossary description for Retail Motor Gasoline Prices.
- Residential Heating Oil Forms EIA-782A, Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report, and EIA-782B, Monthly No. 2 Distillate Sales Report.

Table 12 and Figure 9

- EIA, Office of Energy Markets and End Use, Energy Markets and Contingency Information Division.
- · Platt's Oilgram Price Report.
- · Petroleum Intelligence Weekly.
- · Bloomberg Oil Buyers' Guide.
- · Oil and Gas Journal.

Table 13 and Figure 10

· Bloomberg Oil Buyers' Guide.

Table 14

 Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802, -803, and -804.

Table 16

- Current Year Data: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802, -803, and -804; EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly; and EIA, Office of Oil and Gas.
- Previous Year Data: Estimates based on EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.

Appendix A

Explanatory Notes

EIA Weekly Data: Survey Design and Estimation Methods

The Weekly Petroleum Supply Reporting System (WPSRS) comprises five surveys: the "Weekly Refinery Report" (EIA-800); the "Weekly Bulk Terminal Report" (EIA-801); the "Weekly Product Pipeline Report" (EIA-802); the "Weekly Crude Oil Stocks Report" (EIA-803); and the "Weekly Imports Report" (EIA-804). The EIA weekly reporting system, as part of the Petroleum Supply Reporting System, was designed to collect data similar to those collected monthly. In the WPSRS, selected petroleum companies report weekly data to EIA on crude oil and petroleum product stocks, refinery inputs and production, and crude oil and petroleum product imports. On the Forms EIA-800 through EIA-803, companies report data on a custody basis. On the Form EIA-804, the importer of record reports each shipment entering the United States. Current weekly data and the most recent monthly data are used to estimate the published weekly totals.

Sample Frame

The sample of companies that report weekly in the WPSRS was selected from the universe of companies that report monthly. All sampled companies report data only for facilities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The EIA-800 sample frame includes all operating and idle petroleum refineries and blending plants in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam and other U.S. possessions. The EIA-801 sample frame includes all bulk terminal facilities in the United States and its possessions that have total bulk storage capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that receive petroleum products by tanker, barge, or pipeline. The EIA-802 sample frame includes all petroleum product pipeline companies in the 50 States and the District of Columbia that transport refined petroleum products, including interstate, intrastate, and intracompany pipeline movements. Pipeline companies that transport only natural gas liquids are not included in the EIA-802 frame. Only those pipeline companies which transport products covered in the weekly survey are included. The EIA-803 sample frame consists of all companies which carry or store 1,000 barrels or more of crude oil. Included are gathering and trunk pipeline companies (including interstate, intrastate and intracompany pipelines), crude oil producers, terminal operators, storers of crude oil, and companies transporting Alaskan crude oil by water in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The EIA-804 sample frame includes all importers of record of crude oil and petroleum products into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands and other U.S. possessions, as well as imports from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands and other U.S. possessions into the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sampling

The sampling procedure used for the weekly system is the cut-off method. In the cut-off method, companies are ranked from largest to smallest on the basis of the quantities reported during

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some previous period. Companies are chosen for the sample beginning with the largest and adding companies until the total sample covers about 90 percent of the total for each item and each geographic region for which weekly data are published.

	Weekly Form	Monthly Frame Size	Weekly Sample Size
Refiners (Refineries)	EIA-800	168(250)	59(153)
Bulk Terminals	EIA-801	331	78
Product Pipelines	EIA-802	81	46
Crude Oil Stock Holders	EIA-803	162	78
Importers	EIA-804	851	83

Collection Methods

Data are collected by mail, mailgram, telephone, Telex, Telefax, and electronic transmission on a weekly basis. All canvassed firms must file by 5 p.m. on the Monday following the close of the report week, 7 a.m. Friday. During the processing week, company corrections of the prior week's data are also entered.

Estimation and Imputation

After the company reports have been checked and entered it the weekly data base, explicit imputation is done for compa The imputed values which have not yet responded. exponentially smoothed means of recent weekly reported v for this specific company. The imputed values are treater reported values in the estimation procedure, which calcui ratio estimates of the weekly totals. First, the current week's c for a given product reported by companies in a geographic reg are summed. (Call this weekly sum, Ws.) Next, the most recmonth's data for the product reported by those same companies are summed. (Call this monthly sum, Ms.) Finally, let Mt be the sum of most recent month's data for the product as reported by all companies. Then, the current week's ratio estimate for that product for all companies, Wt, is given by:

$$W_t = \frac{M_l}{M_s} \cdot W_s$$

This procedure is used directly to estimate total weekly inputs " refineries and production. To estimate stocks of finis products, the preceding procedure is followed separately refineries, bulk terminals, and pipelines. Total estimates formed by summing over establishment types.

highly variable on Weekly imports data are company-by-company basis or a week-by-week basis. There an exponentially smoothed ratio has been developed. estimate of total weekly imports is the product of the smoo ratio and the sum of the weekly reported values and imp

Response Rates

The response rate as of the day after the filing deadline is about 80 percent for the EIA-800, 75 percent for the EIA-801, 95 percent for the EIA-802, 80 percent for the EIA-803, and greater than 95 percent for the EIA-804. However, more forms are received the next day, bringing the final response rates up. Late respondents are contacted by telephone. Nearly all of the major companies report on time. The nonresponse rate for the published estimates is usually between 1 percent and 2 percent.

Estimation of Domestic Crude Oil Production

Monthly data on crude oil production for States are reported to the Department of Energy by State conservation agencies. Data on the volume of crude oil produced on Federally-owned offshore leases are reported by the Minerals Management Service, U.S. Department of the Interior. There is a time lag of approximately 4 months between the end of the reporting month and the time when the monthly crude oil production information becomes available. In order to present more timely crude oil production volumes, the Energy Information Administration prepares weekly crude oil production estimates which are based on historical production patterns and, where available, other data such as pipeline runs from the Alaskan North Slope during the week. These weekly estimates are presented as the weekly and 4-week average crude oil production volumes shown in this publication. Cumulative crude oil production volumes shown in the U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet include revised estimates published in the Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Estimation of Exports

Official U.S. exports statistics for crude oil and petroleum products are compiled by the U.S. Bureau of the Census and are published in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*. The EIA obtains these data on a monthly basis approximately 10 weeks after the close of the reporting month. Beginning with statistics for the first week ending in October 1991, weekly estimates of exports are forecast using an autoregressive integrated moving-average (ARIMA) procedure. The ARIMA procedure models a value as a linear combination of its own past values and present and past values of other related time series. The most recent 5 years of past data are used to obtain the exports forecast. In addition, for the major products and crude oil, 5 years of related price data are used. The price data include some U.S. and some foreign series.

Data Assessment

The principal objective of the Petroleum Supply Reporting System is to provide an accurate picture of petroleum industry activities and of the availability of petroleum products nationwide from primary distribution channels. The weekly data, which are based on sample estimates stemming largely from preliminary company data, serve as leading indicators of the monthly data. The weekly data are not expected to have the same level of accuracy as the preliminary monthly data when compared with final monthly data. However, the weekly data are expected to exhibit like trends and product flows characteristic of the preliminary and final monthly data.

To assess the accuracy of weekly statistics, monthly estimates derived from weekly estimates are compared with the final monthly aggregates published in the Petroleum Supply Annual. Although final monthly data are still subject to error, they have been thoroughly reviewed and edited, they reflect all revisions made during the year and they are considered to be the most accurate data available. The mean absolute percent error provides a measure of the average revisions relative to the aggregates being measured for a variable. The mean absolute percent error for 1988 weekly data was less than 3 percent for 19 of the 30 major petroleum variables analyzed. Most of the variables with mean absolute percent errors of 3 percent or more were for refined products imports series. The mean absolute percent error for total weekly refined products imports was 15 percent for 1988. It should be noted that products imports data are highly variable and cannot be estimated from a sample with the same precision as other petroleum variables. estimates for refined products imports are almost always low because small companies, which are not in the weekly sample. generally import large volumes of finished products only a few times during the year.

An analytical article, "Timeliness and Accuracy of Petroleum Supply Data," which assesses the differences between interim and final data on the 30 major petroleum variables, is published in the Petroleum Supply Monthly once each year.

Interpretation and Derivation of Average Inventory Levels

The national inventory (stocks) graphs for total petroleum products, crude oil, motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil in this publication include features to assist in comparing current inventory levels with past inventory levels and with judgments of critical levels. Methods used in developing the average inventory levels and minimum operating levels are described below.

Average Inventory Levels

The charts displaying inventory levels of crude oil and petroleum products (p.7), crude oil (p.7), motor gasoline (p.9), distillate fuel oil (p.11), and residual fuel oil (p.13) provide the reader with actual inventory data compared to an "average range" for the most recent 3-year period running from January through December or from July through June. The ranges also reflect seasonal variation for the past 7 years.

The seasonal factors, which determine the shape of the upper and lower curves, are estimated with a seasonal adjustment technique developed at the Bureau of Census (Census X-11). The seasonal factors are assumed to be stable (i.e., the same seasonal factor is used for each January during the 7-year period) and additive (i.e., the series is deseasonalized by subtracting the seasonal factor for the appropriate month from the reported inventory levels). The intent of deseasonalization is to remove only annual variation from the data. Thus, deseasonalized series would contain the same trends, cyclical components, and irregularities as the original data. The seasonal factors are updated annually in October, using the 7 most recent years' final monthly data.

Table A1. Values of Average Ranges in Inventory Graphs (Million Barrels)

(Million Dar	1615)									_		Dec
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
				I	_ower Ra	nge						
Total Petroleum	1,024.9 326.2 225.2 121.8 44.9	1,008.1 329.3 225.7 106.2 43.3	993.3 332.4 215.4 95.8 40.6	1005.3 336.5 211.4 94.7 40.0	1,032.1 342.3 210.0 98.9 42.4	1,033.3 333.7 203.9 104.5 41.1	1,052.7 333.9 206.8 115.9 41.6	1,057.2 331.4 204.5 123.6 42.4	1,068.4 325.9 212.0 130.7 44.6	1,058.3 332.8 203.2 128.6 45.0	1,060.1 334.3 207.0 130.9 46.6	1,028.9 322.5 211.3 130.6 45.9
				Ī	Jpper Ra	nge						
Total Petroleum	1,052.8 341.4 237.5 130.9 48.8	1,036.0 344.5 238.0 115.3 47.3	1,021.2 347.6 227.7 104.9 44.6	1,033.2 351.6 223.6 103.8 44.0	1,060.0 357.5 222.3 108.0 46.4	216.2 113.6	1,080.6 349.1 219.1 125.0 45.6	346.6 216.8 132.7	1,096.4 341.0 224.3 139.8 48.6	347.9 215.5 137.8	349.4 219.3 140.0	1,056.8 337.7 223.6 139.7 49.8

The seasonal factors are used to deseasonalize data from the most recent 3-year period (January-December or July-June) in order to determine a deseasonalized average band. The average of the deseasonalized 36-month series is the midpoint of the band, and two standard deviations of the series (adjusting first for extreme points) is its width. When the seasonal factors are added back in (the upper curve is the midpoint plus one standard deviation plus the seasonal factor, and the lower curve is the midpoint minus one standard deviation plus the seasonal factor), the "average range" shown on the graphs reflects the actual data. The ranges are updated every 6 months in April and October (Table A1).

Minimum Observed Inventories

The lines labeled "observed minimum" on the stock graphs are the lowest inventory levels observed during the most recent 36-month period as published in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

Projections from the Short-Term Energy Outlook, Third Quarter 1993

The mid-price case for petroleum demands presented in the third quarter 1993 Short-Term Energy Outlook reflect the assumptions of real gross domestic product(GDP) growth of 2.7 percent in 1993 and 3.5 percent in 1994, and normal weather, as measured in number of heating and cooling degree days. In order to provide plausible ranges for the petroleum projections provided in the Outlook, ranges of macroeconomic, price, and weather assumptions are used.

The upper demand bound reflects an assumed combination of lower oil prices, higher economic growth, and more severe weather than those of the base case. In this scenario, real gross domestic product is expected to increase by 3.1 percent in 1993 and by 5.2 percent in 1994, and weather(in terms of heating degree-days) is assumed to be about 10 percent colder than the base case. The lower demand bound assumes that real gross domestic product increases by 2.4 percent in 1993 and by 1.9

percent in 1994 and that weather is significantly milder than in the base case.

The weather sensitivities assume deviations above and below normal that correspond to one-half of the largest quarterly deviations from normal in heating and cooling degree-days over the last 15 years. Average petroleum sensitivity factors for this forecast are summarized below:

- A 1-percent increase in real GDP raises petroleum demand by about 143,000 barrels per day.
- A \$1-per-barrel increase in crude oil prices, assuming no price response from non-petroleum energy sources, reduces demand by about 34,000 barrels per day.
- A 1-percent increase in heating degree-days increases demand by about 46,000 barrels per day; a 1-percent increase in cooling degree-days increases petroleum demand by about 20,000 barrels per day.

For more detailed information on the forecast, please refer to the published report, Third Quarter 1993 Short-Term Energy Outlook. Copies of the report are available from:

National Energy Information Center Room 1F-048, Forrestal Building 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, DC 20585 Telephone (202) 586-8800

Calculation of World Oil Price

The weighted average international price of oil, shown "Highlights" on page 1 and on page 18, is an average calcusing specific crude oil prices weighted by the estimated oil export volume for each oil-producing country. To de the table shown on page 18, a list of majo producing/exporting countries was chosen. For each count contract selling price of one or more representative cruc was determined by investigating a number of in

publications (i.e., "Oil Buyers' Guide", "Platt's Oilgram Price Report", "Petroleum Intelligence Weekly", and "Weekly Petroleum Argus") and by contacting oil market analysts.

Then, the appropriate crude oil volumes to be used as weighting factors for each country were determined. These volumes are estimates based on a number of sources which provide data on production, consumption, and exports for these countries. Export volumes for a number of smaller producing/exporting countries, not listed in the table, are included in the weighting factors. After the export volumes had been determined, simple mathematical weighted averages were calculated to arrive at the "Total OPEC," "Total Non-OPEC," and "Total World" prices.

The average United States (FOB) import price is derived by the same basic procedure as the world oil price, that is, taking the representative contract crude oil price of a specific crude oil from a particular country and weighting this price by a certain volume of crude oil. In this case, the weighting factors are the volumes of crude oil imported into the U.S. from pertinent countries. Import volumes from a number of smaller producing/exporting countries, not listed in the table, are included in the weighting factors.

Both the import and export volumes are preliminary. Due to their origin, these estimates cannot be fully verified. These volumes are updated monthly, or more frequently when changes in oil market conditions make updating appropriate.

Explanation and Coverage of Spot Market Product Prices

Definition of spot market product prices for the Rotterdam market: Represent the mid point of the bid/asked price range for CIF cargoes scheduled for prompt arrival at Rotterdam (within 48 hours).

Definition of spot market product prices for the New York market: Represent last sale price reported or offered. Prices are ex-duty and do not include Federal or State taxes.

General definition of spot prices: A transaction concluded "on the spot," that is, on a one-time prompt delivery basis, usually referring to a transaction involving only one cargo of product. This contrasts with a term contract sale which obligates the seller to furnish product on an evenly-spread delivery basis over an extended period of time, usually for 1 year.

Coverage of petroleum product prices is restricted to and updated according to the major products traded. Major products are determined by the highest number of transactions and the highest volumes of product traded, e.g., 1987 replacement of the New York leaded regular gasoline series with the unleaded regular gasoline series.

Appendix B

EIA-819M Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report

The 819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report," provides production data and preliminary stock data for fuel ethanol and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) in the United States and major U.S. geographic regions. These data have been published in the Weekly Petroleum Status Report (WPSR) and the Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM) since March 1992.

Data are collected from a sample of respondents reporting on the Monthly Petroleum Supply Reporting System surveys. Final data on production and stocks of fuel ethanol and MTBE are presented in the Detailed Statistics section of the *PSM* beginning with the March 1993 issue. The quantity of oxygenates blended into motor gasoline previously published in this appendix is now presented in the Highlights section of the *PSM*.

Table B1. U.S. Summary Table, August 1993

	Aug	ust 1993	Jul	y 1993	Year-to-Date		
Products	Thousand Barrels	Thousand Barrels per Day	Thousand Barrels	Thousand Barrels per Day	Thousand Barrels	Thousand Barrels per Day	
Fuel Ethanol							
Production	2,036	66	2,133	69	17,800	73	
Stocks	2,768		2,459	••	2,768		
MTBE							
Production	4,396	142	4,820	155	31,424	129	
Stocks	17,047		16,044	• •	17,047		

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenale Telephone Report."

Table B2. Monthly Fuel Ethanol Production and Stocks by Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD)

(Thousan	d Barrel	s per Da	y, Excep	t Where	Noted)							
District/Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total U.S.												
Production							00	70	67	74	74	75
1992	78	71	68	68	68	66	66	70	O/	, -,	•	
1993	76	73	77	76	74	76	69	66				
Stocks (thous, bbls.)									0.070	2,980	2,547	1,791
1992	1,076	1,287	1,462	1,457	1,858	1,941	2,362	2,530	2,973	کر800	2,0-17	1,701
1993	2,036	1,929	1,878	2,069	2,314	2,499	2,459	2,768				
1930	_,,,,,	.,.	·									
East Coast (PADD I)												
Production					<u> </u>		114	147	w	w	W	W
1992	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	VV	**		
1993	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W				
Stocks (thous, bbis.)		••	•							4.00	139	99
1992	85	93	100	82	88	67	200	207	177	163	(35	23
	117	64	62	41	136	112	37	157				
1993	117	04	02	.,								
Midwest (PADD II)												
Production								0.2		70	72	73
1992	73	66	63	64	64	61	61	66	66	72	12	70
1993	74	71	75	74	73	74	67	64				
Stocks (thous, bbis.)		, ,	, -									
	, 532	662	791	794	1,010	1,143	1,344	1,361	1,639	1,553	1,279	889
1992		1,124	1,143	1,310	1,322	1,413	1,570	1,408				
1993	1,094	1,124	1,140	1,010	,,,,,,	••••	·					
aulf Coast (PADD III)						<u> </u>						
Production											187	141
1992	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
1993	w	w	W	W	W	W	W	W				
		**	• • •									
Stocks (thous, bbis.		344	394	452	530	464	562	612	405	477	465	254
1992	248			294		333	358	616				
1993	203	244	216	254	312	000	400					
łocky Mountain (PAD	D IV)		***************************************									
Production	•											
* *	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
1992	w	w	w			W	W	W				
1993		¥¥	**	**	••	- •						
Stocks (thous, bbis.			20	14	15	12	17	20	21	44	60	70
1992	27	11	20 45		42	45	47					
1993	61	44	45	41	42	40	77	٦,				
West Coast (PADD V)											 	
Production												
	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
1992		W	W	W	w	W	W					
1993	. w	VV	ĄĄ	VY	**	**	**	••				
Stocks (thous, bbls.)		1 = 2		014	254	240	330	732	743	604	479
1992	184	177	156	114	214				102	1.10	Q# 1	,,,
1993	561	453	412	383	502	596	447	540				

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report."

Table B3. Monthly Methyl Tertlary Butyl Ether (MTBE) Production, and Stocks by Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD)

(Thousand Barrels per Day, Except Where Noted)

(Thousan	d Barrel	ls per Da	у, Ехсер	t where	Notea)			Т		T		
District/Months	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total U.S.				·								
Production						00	101	91	104	118	128	125
1992	98	94	89	79	90	90	155	142				
1993	115	114	112	138	132	126	100	176				
Stocks (thous, bbls.)					. = 004	40.007	20,436	23,131	22,853	19,208	16,342	13,818
1992	11,999	12,681	13,966	14,962	15,961	18,887	16,044	17,047	,		•	
1993	10,648	10,148	10,550	11,953	13,476	14,544	10,044	111011				
East Coast (PADD I)												
												W
Production	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	VV
1992	w	W	w	w	W	W	W	W				
1993	VV	**		••	•							- 040
Stocks (thous. bbls.)	3,086	2,944	3,551	3,929	4,453	4,663	4,824	5,046	4,875	3,839	3,098	2,613
1992		1,833	1,492	1,598	2,201	2,578	2,429	3,062				
1993	1,881	1,033	1,452	1,030	LICOT	2,0.0						
Midwest (PADD II)												
Production								141	W	w	W	W
1992	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	٧٧	**	**	• • •
1993	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W				
Stocks (thous, bbls.)								147	W	W	w	W
1992	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	VV	**	**	• • •
1993	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W				
Gulf Coast (PADD III)										<u> </u>		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·												
Production	88	82	77	69	77	77	88	78	93	108	118	114
1992	102	101	99	124	117	111	139	125				
1993		101	-									
Stocks (thous, bbls.)		5,711	6,058	6,728	6,870	8,549	8,928	9,847	9,192	8,309	7,380	6,15
1992	5,104		5,304	6,152	6,553	6,890	7,834	8,040				
1993	4,987	4,707	5,504	0,102	0,000	-1	•					
Rocky Mountain (PADI	2110											
	J 1V)											
Production		147	14/	W	W	W	W	W	W	, W	W	'
1992	W	W	W	W		w	W	W				
1993	W	W	W		***	**	•••					
Stocks (thous, bbls.)	100	144	W	W	W	W	W	W	/ W	W	1
1992	W	W	W	W		w	w					
1993	W	W	W	VV	٧٧	**						
West Coast (PADD V)							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Production									6	,	, 1A	,
1992	·W	·W	W	W	W	W				v . W	, w	ı
1993	W		W	W		W	W	W				
Stocks (thous, bbls.		•••								_		
	3,418	3,673	4,011	4,064	4,309	5,385				6 6,723	5,54	3 4,7
1992	3,536		3,516			4,774	5,452	5,481	<u>-0</u>		Karajan Jawa	
1993	0,000	3,000	210.0			•				1		
												BIRE THE TANK

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report."

Form EIA-819M Monthly Oxygenate Report Explanatory Notes

Background

Beginning November 1992, the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 required that all gasoline sold in carbon monoxide nonattainment areas have an oxygen content of 2.7 percent (by weight) during wintertime months. Beginning in 1995 further requirements are that only reformulated gasoline having an average oxygen content of 2.0 percent be sold in the nine worst ozone nonattainment areas.

In 1992, the Energy Information Administration (EIA) conducted a frame identifier survey of companies that produce, blend, store, or import oxygenates. The purpose of this survey was to (1) identify all U.S. producers, blenders, storers, and importers of oxygenates; and (2) collect supply, and blending data for January - June, 1992 inventory data on those oxygenates blended into motor gasoline.

Overview

In order to continue to provide relevant information about U.S. and regional gasoline supply, the EIA has begun an oxygenate data collection program. The Form EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report" collects information on oxygenate production, imports, and stocks by Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD's). Data are aggregated and presented on Tables B1-B3 of this appendix as follows:

Table B1. U.S. Summary Table, Current Month

Table B2. Monthly Fuel Ethanol Production and Stocks, by PADD

Table B3. Monthly Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE)
Production, and Stocks, by PADD

All data are displayed in thousand barrels (42 U.S. Gallons per Barrel) or thousand barrels per day.

Collection Methods

Data for the EIA-819M survey are collected beginning on the fifth working day of each month. Information is solicited by telephone or can be transmitted to the EIA by facsimile. Receipt of the data is monitored using an automated respondent mailing list. Additional follow-up telephone calls are made to nonrespondents prior to the publication deadline.

Sample Frame

The sample of companies that report on the Form EIA-819M was selected from the universe of companies that reported on the Form EIA-822A/D, "Oxygenate Operations Identification Survey". The universe consisted of (1) operators of facilities that produce (manufacture or distill) oxygenates (including MTBE plants, petrochemical plants, and refineries that produce oxygenates as part of their operations); (2) operators of petroleum refineries; (3) operators of bulk terminals, bulk stations, blending plants, and other non-refinery facilities that store and/or blend oxygenates; and (4) importers of oxygenates (importer of record) located in or importing oxygenates into the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sampling

The sampling procedure used for the survey form EIA-819M is the cut-off method and was performed using software developed by the EIA's Office of Statistical Standards. In the cut-off method, companies are ranked from largest to smallest on the basis of quantities reported (oxygenate production, oxygenate stocks, oxygenate imports, and oxygenates used in the blending of motor gasoline) during 1992. Companies are chosen for the sample beginning with the largest and adding companies until the total sample covers approximately 90 percent of the total for each oxygenate item and supply type by geographic region (PAD Districts I through V) for which data may be published.

Frames Maintenance

The Petroleum Supply Division (PSD) maintains complete lists of respondents to its monthly surveys. Each survey has a list of companies and facilities required to submit petroleum activity data. This list is known as the survey frame. Frame maintenance procedures ar used to monitor the status of petroleum companies an facilities currently contained in each survey frame as well as to identify new members to be added to the frame a result, all known petroleum supply organizations falling within the definition of "Who Must Submit" participate in the frames survey.

The activities for frames maintenance are conducted within two time frames: monthly and annually. Monthly frames maintenance procedures for the EIA-819M focus on examining several frequently published industry periodicals that report changes in status (births, deaths,

sales, and acquisitions) of petroleum facilities producing, transporting, importing, and/or storing crude oil and petroleum products. These sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems operated by other offices. Survey managers review these sources to monitor changes in company operations and to develop lists of potential respondents. These activities assure coverage of the reporting universe and maintain accurate facility information on addresses and ownership.

To supplement monthly frames maintenance activities and to provide more comprehensive coverage, the PSD conducts an annual frames investigation. This annual evaluation results in the reassessment and recompilation of the complete frame.

Quality Control and Data Revision

Quality Control

Survey forms are periodically reviewed for completeness, meaningfulness, and clarity. Modifications are made, when needed, to maintain efficient measure of the intended data items and to track product movement accurately throughout the industry. Through this process, the EIA can maintain consistency among forms, minimize respondent burden, and eliminate ambiguity.

Response Rate

The response rate is usually 98 to 100 percent. Chronic nonrespondents and late filing respondents are contacted by telephone or in writing and reminded of their requirement to report. Companies that file late or fail to file are subject to criminal fines, civil penalties, and other sanctions as provided by Section 13(i) of the Federal Energy Administration (FEA) Act.

Resubmissions

Resubmissions are any changes to the originally submitted data that were either requested by the EIA or initiated by the respondent. Resubmissions are compared with the original submission and processed at the time of receipt. Entries on Tables B1-B3 of this appendix will be marked with an "R" to indicate that data have been revised.

Data Imputation and Estimation

In any survey, nonresponse can be a major concern because the effects can cause serious bias in survey fesults. Nonresponse occurs whenever requested information is not obtained from all units in a survey. The BIA-819M has a very high response rate. Whenever survey responses are not received in time to be included in published statistics, the data are imputed. Although imputing for missing data may not eliminate the total error associated with nonresponse, it can serve to reduce the error. The data reported in the previous month are used as imputed values for missing data.

After the data files have been edited and corrected, aggregation is done for production, imports, and stocks, by each geographic region. Estimation factors, which were derived from 1992 reported data, are then applied to each cell to generate published estimates.

Confidentiality

The Office of Legal Counsel of the Department of Justice concluded on March 20, 1991, that the Federal Energy Administration Act requires the EIA to provide company-specific data to the Department of Justice, or to any other Federal agency when requested for official use, which may include enforcement of Federal law. The information contained on this form may also be made available, upon request, to another component of the Department of Energy (DOE), to any Committee of Congress, the General Accounting Office, or other Congressional agencies authorized by law to receive such information. A court of competent jurisdiction may obtain this information in response to an order.

The information contained on this form will be kept confidential and not disclosed to the public to the extent that it satisfies the criteria for exemption under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. 552, the DOE regulations, 10 C.F.R. 1004.11, implementing the FOIA, and the Trade Secrets Act, 18 U.S.C. 1905.

Upon receipt of a request for this information under the FOIA, the DOE shall make a final determination whether the information is exempt from disclosure in accordance with the procedures and criteria provided in the regulations. To assist us in the determination, respondents should demonstrate to the DOE that for example, their information contains trade secrets or commercial or financial information whose release would be likely to cause substantial harm to their company's competitive position. A letter accompanying the submission that explains (on an element-by-element basis) the reasons why the information would be likely to cause the respondent substantial competitive harm if released to the public would aid in this determination. A new justification does not need to be provided each time information is submitted on the form, if the company has previously submitted a justification for that information and the justification has not changed.

EIA-819M Definitions

Alcohol. The family name of a group of organic chemical compounds composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen. The series of molecules vary in chain length and are composed of a hydrocarbon plus a hydroxyl group; CH₃-(CH₂)_n-OH (e.g., methanol, ethanol, and tertiary butyl alcohol (TBA)).

Blending Plant. A facility which has no refining capability but is either capable of producing finished

motor gasoline through mechanical blending or blends oxygenates into motor gasoline.

Bulk Station. A facility used primarily for the storage and/or marketing of petroleum products which has a total bulk storage capacity of less than 50,000 barrels and receives its petroleum products by tank car or truck.

Bulk Terminal. A facility used primarily for the storage and/or marketing of petroleum products which has a total bulk storage capacity of 50,000 barrels or more and/or receives petroleum products by tanker, barge, or pipeline.

Ending Stocks. Stocks of oxygenates held in storage as of 12 midnight on the last day of the month.

ETBE (ethyl tertiary butyl ether) (CH₃)₃COC₂H₅. An oxygenate blend stock formed by the catalytic etherification of isobutylene with ethanol.

Ether. A generic term applied to a group of organic chemical compounds composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen, characterized by an oxygen atom attached to two carbon atoms (e.g., methyl tertiary butyl ether).

Fuel Ethanol (C₂H₅OH). An anhydrous denatured aliphatic alcohol intended for gasoline blending as described in Oxygenate definition.

Methanol (CH₃OH). A light volatile alcohol intended for gasoline blending as described in Oxygenate definition.

MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether) (CH3)3COCH3. An ether intended for gasoline blending as described in Oxygenate definition.

Other Oxygenates. Other aliphatic alcohols and aliphatic ethers intended for motor gasoline blending (e.g., isopropyl ether (IPE) or n-propanol).

Oxygenates. Any substance which, when added to gasoline, increases the amount of oxygen in that gasoline blend.

Through a series of waivers and interpretive rules, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has determined the allowable limits for oxygenates in unleaded gasoline. The "Substantially Similar" Interpretive Rules (56 FR (February 11, 1991)) allows blends of aliphatic alcohols other than methanol and aliphatic ethers, provided the oxygen content does not exceed 2.7 percent by weight.

The "Substantially Similar" Interpretive Rules also provide for blends of methanol up to 0.3 percent by

volume exclusive of other oxygenates, and butanol of alcohols of a higher molecular weight up to 2.75 percent by weight.

Individual waivers pertaining to the use of oxygenates in unleaded gasoline have been issued by the EPA. They include:

Fuel Ethanol. Blends of up to 10 percent by volume anhydrous ethanol (200 proof) (commonly referred to as the "gasohol waiver").

Methanol. Blends of methanol and gasoline-grade tertiary butyl alcohol (GTBA) such that the total oxygen content does not exceed 3.5 percent by weight and the ratio of methanol to GTBA is less than or equal to 1. It is also specified that this blended fuel must meet ASTM volatility specifications (commonly referred to as the "ARCO" waiver).

Blends of up to 5.0 percent by volume methanol with a minimum of 2.5 percent by volume co-solvent alcohols having a carbon number of 4 or less (i.e., ethanol, propanol, butanol, and/or GTBA). The total oxygen must not exceed 3.7 percent by weight, and the blend must meet ASTM volatility specifications as well as phase separation and alcohol purity specifications (commonly referred to as the "DuPont" waiver).

MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether). Blends up to 15.0 percent by volume MTBE which must meet the ASTM D4814 specifications. Blenders must take precautions that the blends are not used as base gasolines for other oxygenated blends (commonly referred to as the "Sun" waiver).

Refinery. An installation that manufactures finished petroleum products from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, other hydrocarbons, alcohol and oxygenates.

TAME (tertiary amyl methyl ether) (CH₃)₂(C₂H₅)COCH₃. An oxygenate blend stock formed by the catalytic etherification of isoamylene with methanol.

TBA (tertiary butyl alcohol) (CH3)3COH. An alcohol primarily used as a chemical feedstock, a solvent or feedstock for isobutylene production for MTBE; produced as a co-product of propylene oxide production or by direct hydration of isobutylene.

Glossary

l. A volumetric unit of measure for crude oil and sum products equivalent to 42 U.S. gallons.

Cost, Insurance, Freight). This term refers to a type of sale ch the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that es the f.o.b. value of the product at the point of origin plus sts of insurance and transportation. This type of a ction differs from a "Delivered" purchase, in that the buyer s'the quantity as determined at the loading port (as ed by the Bill of Lading and Quality Report) rather than eased on the quantity and quality ascertained at the ling port. It is similar to the terms of an f.o.b. sale, except e seller, as a service for which he is compensated, arranges nsportation and insurance.

ng Degree-Days. The number of degrees per day the daily ge temperature is above 65 degrees F. The daily average rature is the mean of the maximum and minimum rature for a 24-hour period.

e Oil. A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at pheric pressure after passing through surface separating ies. Lease condensate and drips are included but topped oil (residual) and other unfinished oils are excluded.

e Oil Input. The total crude oil put into processing units at ries.

ee-Day Normals. Simple arithmetic averages of monthly nual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the ar period 1951-1980). These may be simple degree-day als or population-weighted degree-day normals.

llate Fuel Oil. Includes No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils, No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels. These are light fuel oils primarily for home heating, as a diesel engine fuel ding railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural inery), and for electric power generation. Distillate fuel oil ported in the following sulfur categories: 0.05% sulfur and r and greater than 0.05% sulfur.

(Free On Board). Pertains to a transaction whereby the r makes the product available within an agreed on period at a 1 port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to 1 ge for the transportation and insurance. Distillate fuel oil is 1 ted in the following sulfur categories: 0.05% sulfur and 1 and 1 greater than 0.05% sulfur.

Oil. European designation for No. 2 heating oil, and diesel

ss Inputs. The crude oil, unfinished oils, and natural gas t liquids put into atmospheric crude oil distillation units.

ting Degree-Days. The number of degrees per day the daily age temperature is below 65 degrees F. The daily average perature is the mean of the maximum and minimum perature for a 24-hour period.

Imports. Unless otherwise specified in this report, refers to gross imports. Imports of minor products ("other oils") include aviation gasoline, kerosene, unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, plant condensate, petrochemical feedstocks, lube oils, waxes, special naphthas, coke, asphalt, and other miscellaneous oils.

Jet Fuel. Includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphtha-type jet fuel is a product in the heavy naphthas range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

Liquefied Refinery Gases (LRG). Liquefied petroleum gases fractionated from refinery or still gases. Through compression and/or refrigeration, they are retained in the liquid state. The reported categories are ethane/ethylene, propane/propylene, normal butane/butylene, and isobutane. Excludes still gas.

Motor Gasoline (Finished). Includes reformulated gasoline, oxygenated gasoline, and other finished gasoline in the gasoline range. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Production data represent reformulated, oxygenated, and other finished gasoline. Import data consists of the three types of finished motor gasoline and blending components. Total motor gasoline stocks consist of the three types of finished motor gasoline and blending components. Finished motor gasoline stocks are total motor gasoline stocks minus blending components. The stock change used in the calculation of motor gasoline product supplied is the change in finished motor gasoline stocks.

Operable Capacity. The maximum amount of input that can be processed by a crude oil distillation unit in a 24-hour period, making allowances for processing limitations due to types and grades of inputs, limitations of downstream facilities, scheduled and unscheduled downtimes, and environmental constraints Includes any shutdown capacity that could be placed in operation within 90 days.

Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD), Five geographical areas into which the nation was divided by the Petroleum Administration for Defense for purposes of administration. These PADDs include the States listed below:

PADD I:

Padd IX: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

Padd IY: Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania.

Padd IZ: Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia.

PADD II: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky,
Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska,
North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota,
Tennessee, and Wisconsin.

PADDIII: Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, New

Mexico, and Texas.

PADDIV: Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Utah, and Wyoming.

PADD V: Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada,

Oregon, Washington.

Population-Weighted Degree-Days. Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions comprised of from three to eight States which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and these products are then summed to arrive at the national population weighted degree-day figure.

Processing Gain. The volumetric amount by which total output is greater than input for a given period of time. This difference is due to the processing of crude oil into products which, in total, have a lower specific gravity than the crude oil processed.

Products Supplied. A value calculated for specific products which is equal to domestic production plus net imports (imports less exports), less the net increase in primary stocks. Total products supplied is calculated as inputs to refineries, plus estimated refinery gains, plus other hydrocarbon input, plus product imports, less product exports, less the net increase in product stocks. Values shown for "Other Oils" product supplied are the difference between total product supplied and product supplied values for specified products. Other oils product supplied incorporates crude oil product supplied and reclassified product adjustment.

Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil. The average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC 1131. Imported crude oil is any crude oil which is not domestic oil. The composite is the weighted average price of domestic and imported crude oil. Prices do not include the price of crude oil for the SPR.

Refinery Capacity Utilization. Ratio of the total amount of crude oil, unfinished oils, and natural gas plant liquids run through crude oil distillation units to the operable capacity of 1979-1984 the refinery capacity es ranged between 87 percent and advidual refinery may fluctuate of crude and other raw aduced, and the

Retail Motor Gasoline Prices. Motor gasoline prices each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics conjunction with the construction of the Consumer (CPI). These prices are collected in 85 urban areas represent all urban consumers -- about 80 percent U.S. population. The service stations are selected in on a replacement basis, in such a way that they repurchasing habits of the CPI population. Service statiourient sample include those providing all types of stull-, mini-, and self-service).

Stock Change (Refined Products). Component Supplied calculation shown on U.S. Petroleum B: product stock change shown on the U.S. Petroleu Sheet for the current 4-week period is calculated in tl1 way; an average daily stock change is calculated refined products (i.e., all actual reported stocks); change is added to an estimate for minor product st based on historical monthly data; a daily average St for refined product stocks for the 4-week peric calculated. To calculate minor product stock change levels shown for other oils in the stock section of sheet are used. These other oils stock levels are der computing an average daily rate of stock change for based on monthly data for the past 6 years; 2) using rate and the minor stock levels from the most rece publication to estimate the minor product stock le current period.

Stocks. For individual products in the WPSR, quantirefineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals wincapacity of 50,000 barrels or more, and in transit therheld by product retailers and resellers, as well as terheld at the point of consumption, are excluded, individual products held at gas processing plants and from individual product estimates but included in "total."

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil. A term which appear Petroleum Balance Sheet. It reconciles the different data (or estimates) about supply and data (or estimates) about supply and data (or estimates) disposition. Its value can be positive or negative solutions balancing term. As it appears in the monthly puble reflects the accuracy of the reported data. Bunaccounted-for crude oil figure reflects the accuracy and estimated figures, one would expect the figure to balances using preliminary or estimated data and balances using final data. In fact, the published figure this expectation. In the WPSR, 4-week averages for the year are interpolated from final monthly data, solutions are interpolated for crude oil value for the previous considerably smaller than that for the current period.

Unfinished Oils. Includes all oils requiring further except those requiring only mechanical blending.

United States. For the purpose of the report, the 50 the District of Columbia. Data for the Virgin Isla Rico, and other U.S. territories are not included 1 Totals.

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Weekly Petroleum Status Report, updated on Wednesdays (Thursdays in the event of a holiday) at 5 p.m Petroleum Supply Monthly, updated on the 20th of the month Oxygenate data, updated approximately 15 working days after the Heating fuel data, (April through September) updated the 2r Petroleum Marketing Monthly, updated on the 20th of the Winter Fuels Report, (October through March) updated on Natural Gas Monthly, updated on the 20th of the month Weekly Coal Production, updated on Fridays at 5 p.m. Quarterly Coal Report, updated 60 days after the end of the Electric Power Monthly, updated on the 1st of the month

Weekly Petroleum Statu